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AMES

Agricultural Implement Co.

SEED AHHUAL



D. N. Shoemaker

Agricultural Implement Co.

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1926 SEED ANNUAL



HOME OF

Ames Agricultural Implement Company

22-26 Merchant's Row

Boston, Mass.

Telephone: Congress 6315, 6316

GENERAL DIRECTIONS TO CUSTOMERS

The attention of our customers is respectfully called to the following directions, which will, if followed, be an aid to purchasers as well as ourselves.

- **ORDER EARLY.** We aim to execute all orders as soon as received, but during the rush season delays are unavoidable, which, however, can be largely overcome by our patrons anticipating their wants and ordering and taking delivery of their requirements early.
- NAMES AND ADDRESSES. Please remember to write on each order your NAME, POST OFFICE, COUNTY, and STATE. Give number of street or P. O. Box as distinctly as possible, also the Nearest Express Office or, if on a stage route, send us special directions.
- LADIES. Should always prefix their names with Miss or Mrs. as the case may be.
- ORDERS. From new customers (to secure prompt attention) should be accompanied with remittance, or satisfactory references.
- **ERRORS.** We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer; yet in the pressure of business, errors may occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact, and we will make such corrections as will be satisfactory.
- MARKET CONDITIONS. Make it impossible to give prices on Clover, Timothy, Ensilage Corn, Oats, Wheat, Barley, Buckwheat, Peas, Millet, and Grasses, at the time this catalog goes to press. Send for our Special Price List.
- FREE DELIVERY. We will send by parcel post, to any part of the United States, all Vegetable and Flower Seeds quoted in this catalog at packet, ounce and quarter-pound rates free of expense to the purchaser. All heavy seeds, including Peas, Beans, Corn, Clover Seed, Grass Seed, Farm Seed, Seed Grain, also Bulbs, Plants, Roots, Fertilizers, Insecticides, etc., are quoted at net prices at our store. Purchasers, desiring these by mail, are requested to remit an additional amount sufficient to cover postage, at parcel post rates according to zone. Allow two pounds in weight for each quart of Peas, Beans, or Corn. Particular attention is invited to this, as, when omitted, the cost of postage will be deducted from the amount received.
- SHIPPING. We deliver free to Express or Railroad. All goods travel at the buyer's risk; our responsibility ceases when we take the carrier's receipt. If goods are damaged so sign for them and enter claim with the carrier at once.
- BAGS AND PACKING. No charge is made for boxes or packing. Cloth bags are charged for at cost and, if returned in good condition charges prepaid, will be credited at price charged.
- **REMITTANCES.** May be made by Express Money Order, P. O. Money Order, or Bank Draft; if stamps or cash send in a Registered Letter.
- **PRICES.** All prices are subject to change without notice.
- GUARANTEE. We give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to quality, description, productiveness, or any other matter of any Seeds, Bulbs or Plants we send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they must at once be returned.

Ames pays Postage on Small Seeds	Zones, Postage Rates Ames does not pay Postage on Beans, Corn, Peas, Grains, Farm or Grass Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Roots, etc.	First Pound or Fraction	Each Additional Pound or Fraction
	Grand, Farm of Grand Second, Farmer, Parist, Parist, Perist, P		
First Zone	Boston and within 50 miles of Boston	7c.	1c.
Second Zone	Within 50 to 100 miles of Boston	7c.	1c.
Third Zone	Within 100 to 300 miles of Boston	8c.	2c.
Fourth Zone	Within 300 to 600 miles of Boston	9c.	4c.
Fifth Zone	Within 600 to 1,000 miles of Boston	10c.	6c.
Sixth Zone	Within 1,000 to 1,400 miles of Boston	11c.	8c.
Seventh Zone	Within 1,400 to 1,800 miles of Boston	13c.	10c.
Eighth Zone	All over 1,800 miles of Boston	14c.	12c.

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Pkt

AMES' VEGETABLE SEEDS

Artichoke

Militarone		T Tr U.		Oz.
Green Globe or Provence Elongated heads. Leaves deep green, long and spiny, not very fleshy at the base.	\$0).10		\$0.50
Jerusalem Artichoke	Lb. \$0.25		Peck 2.50	Bu. \$6.00
Asparagus Seed				
ASPARAGUS SEED	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	1 Lb.
Giant Argenteuil. The stalks grow to an enormous size sometimes weighing from 4 to 5 oz.	\$0.10 \$0	.25	\$0.75	\$2.00
Martha Washington. This sort is rust proof, has been developed by local government experts, is of great value to commercial growers, produces large stocks that have no equal.	.10	.40	1.00	3.50
Reading Giant	.10	.40	1.00	3.50

Asparagus Roots

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

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ARTICHOKE

We especially recommend 2-year-old asparagus roots for a small planting. Plant as early in spring as possible, so that they may take good hold before hot weather. Dig trenches about 15 inches wide and about 12 inches deep and set the roots about 18 inches apart in rows 3 feet apart; spread the roots carefully. Put about 3 to 4 inches of well-rotted manure in the bottom of the trench: cover with 2 to 3 inches of soil, place the roots on top and cover them firmly with about 3 inches of soil.

	Per 100	Per 1,000
Argenteuil (2 years)	\$1.75	\$12.00
Reading Giant (2 years)	1.75	15.00
Martha Washington (2 years)	2.50	18.00
9		

Beans, Dwarf or Bush WAX VARIETIES

To obtain a continuous supply of beans throughout the season, make plantings every two weeks from early May until about the middle of July. Beans are usually planted 2 inches deep in drills 16 or 18 inches apart. Many growers claim, however, that larger yields are obtained if three or four beans are planted in a hill, the hills being about 8 inches apart in the row. Cultivate frequently, but not deeply, and only when the plants are dry, as earth scattered on the foliage or pods when moist will often cause the development of rust.

Two pounds of beans will sow 100 feet of drill.
All beans sold by weight. Two pounds equal about one quart.

1/2 inch wide and about 1/2 inch thick.

INOCULATE THIS SEED WITH FARMOGERM

EANS, DWARF	Pkt.	1 Lb.	2 Lb.	$7\frac{1}{2}$
Davis' Kidney Wax. An excellent bean for market gardeners. Must be picked just before coming to maturity. It is considered one of the rust proof beans. It has large, well shaped, waxy pods.		\$0.35		
Hodson Wax. The pods are straight and average about 7 inches in length; color, clear light yellow. Vines are very vigorous, and well filled with pods that are entirely free from rust and blight. Matures about 10 days later than the Wardwell's Kidney Wax.	.15	.35	.65	2.25
Improved Golden Wax. An improvement over the old Golden Wax in hardiness and earliness. Long, flat, stringless pods. Yields abundantly.	.15	.35	.65	2.25
New Kidney Wax More robust in growth, and more prolific than Wardwell's Kidney Wax, longer pods, which are more handsome in appearance, entirely stringless, more fleshy, and of much finer quality. The plants are of erect bush habit, between 16 and 20 inches in height. The pods are 6 to 7 inches long, about	.15	.40	.75	2.50

Times Address to the first Edward Committee	DODI			
BEANS, DWARF OR BUSH—Continued Round Pod Kidney Way			2 Lbs.	
Round Pod, Kidney Wax. Excellent for the market gardener where round pod is the more salable.			\$0.15	\$2.00
Sure Crop, Stringless Wax. A dwarf growing variety, producing early rich yellow pods, measuring 7 inches long, more than ½ inch wide, and nearly ½ inch thick. An excellent bean for the market gardener.	.15	.35	.65	2.25
Wardwell Kidney Wax. A superb variety for the table. Pods long, quite flat, and handsome color. An abundant yielder.	.15	.40	.75	2.50
Crackerjack A high quality, stringless variety and more meaty than Wardwell's Wax, good shipper.	.15	.35	. 65	2.25
Beans, Dwarf or Bush				
GREEN PODDED VARIETIES				
BEANS, DWARF	Pkt.	1 Lb.	2 Lbs.	$7\frac{1}{2}$ Lbs.
Bountiful. One of the best early, flat-podded varieties, perfectly stringless, very tender, and a prolific bearer.	\$0.15	\$0.35	\$0.65	
Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. It is not equalled by any other green pod bean. It is quite hardy, extremely early, the pods are tender, stringless, and of the highest quality.	.15	.35	. 65	2.25
Extra Early Red Valentine	. 15	.35	.65	2.25
Giant Stringless Green Pod. Exceedingly productive and of fine flavor maturing a few days later than the Burpee's Stringless Green Pod.	.15	.35	.65	2.25
Valued for its superior quality and productiveness. Pods are very long, straight, and round, and of a beautiful pale green color, the flavor is delicious. In every respect an ideal snap bean.	.15	.35	. 65	2.25
Long Yellow Six Weeks	. 15	.35	.65	2.25
Refugee, or 1,000 to One	. 15	.35	.65	2.25
Valentine Black	.15	.35	.65	2.25
Dwarf String or Shell Bea	ns			
BEANS, DWARF SHELL	Pkt.	1 Lb. :	2 Lbs.	$7\frac{1}{2}$
Dwarf Horticultural	\$0.15			Lbs. \$2.25
French Horticultural. This is an improved dwarf Horticultural bean, producing fine long beans beautifully splashed with crimson, of bushy growth, with a tendency to throw out runners.	.20	.50	.90	2.90
Goddard, or Boston Favorite	.15	.35	.65	2.25
Low's Champion. One of the most productive varieties we have. It can be used as a snap or shell bean. Pods large, flat, and borne well off the ground; beans of a beautiful bright red color.	.20	.45	.80	3.00
Field Beans				
BEANS, FIELD	Pkt. 1	Lb. 2	Lbs.	$7\frac{1}{2}$ Lbs.
Red Kidney	\$0.15	\$0.35	\$0.65	\$2.25
White Pea	.15	.35	.60	2.00
Yellow Eye Improved	.15	.20	.35	1.25
English Broad Beans				717
Broad Windsor	Pkt. \$0.15			Lbs. 32.25

.20

.60 1.75

Dwarf Lima Beans				
DELLAC DIVINE TIME		1		$7\frac{1}{2}$
BEANS, DWARF LIMA Burpee Improved Bush Lima. This is the earliest and largest of all the large bush Limas, and about two weeks earlier than any of the other Limas. Vines vigorous and productive. Pods very large, about 5 inches long, thick, and containing usually 4 beans, which are unusually thick, and of excellent quality.	Pkt. \$0.20	1 Lb. : \$0.45	2 Lbs. \$0.85	Lbs. \$3.00
Fordhook Bush Lima. This is the best type of bush Lima bean in cultivation. It has a distinct upright growth. The pods, which are borne in clusters, well above the ground, frequently contain as many as 5 thick, luscious beans. It matures very early and continues in bearing until frost.	.20	.45	.85	3.00
Henderson's Bush Lima. The earliest of all the bush Limas and will continue to produce pods until frost. Beans small, of the Sieva type and of excellent flavor. Of dwarf habit, attaining a height of about 18 inches.	.15	.40	.75	2.50
Pole Beans				
We recommend the use of a well-manured sandy loam. Seed should be planted in early May after settled warm weather. Set cedar or similar poles 8 to 10 feet in length in rows 3½ to 4 feet apart running north and south, poles being 3½ to 4 feet apart in the row. Set the poles 18 inches deep, slanting slightly to the north. In the hill around each pole plant 5 or 6 beans 2 inches deep and cover firmly. When well started, thin to 4 plants to the hill and tie them up to the pole so that all plants twine around the pole in the same direction. Use 1 pound of seed for 100 hills; 30 pounds will plant an acre.				
BEANS, POLE Improved Kentucky Wonder (Old Homestead)	Pkt. \$0.20	Lb. 2 \$0.35	Lbs. 7 \$0.65	½Lbs. \$2.25
Horticultural Pole (Speckled Cranberry). An old variety, but still one of the best for the home garden. Used as a snap or shell bean. Of vigorous growth and delicious flavor.	.20	.35	. 65	2.25
Worchester Pole (The finest Pole Shell Bean in cultivation)	.20	.35	. 65	2.25
Scarlet Runner Grown extensively for ornamental purposes, as flowers are a most brilliant scarlet and borne profusely. Beans are broad and flat.	.15	.35	. 65	2.25
Pole Beans - Wax Podde	ed			
BEANS, POLE WAX		Lb. 2	2 Lbs. 7	½Lbs.
Golden Cluster. One of the earliest wax pole beans. Vines large, strong, vigorous; pods, 6 to 8 inches long in clusters; thick and fleshy; bright golden yellow. Dry beans, white and nearly round.	\$0.20	Lb. 2 \$0.40		
Kentucky Wonder Wax. Pods yellow. Vines and pods are similar to those of the Kentucky Wonder but the quality is superior and the yield is even greater. Will continue to bear until killed by frost.	.20	.45	. 85	3.00
Pole Lima Beans				
BEANS, POLE LIMA Carpinteria Pole Lima The most perfect pole Lima bean in existence. The beans have a greenish tint, which they retain throughout the season. Very productive, and tender.	Pkt. \$0.20	Lb. 2 \$0.40	2 Lbs. 7 \$0.75	$^{1/2}{ m Lbs}. \\ \$2.50$
Dreer's Improved Pole Lima One of the most productive varieties. Pods of good size, broad and thicker than the Large White Lima. Classed as one of the late maturing varieties, but will produce till cut down by frost.	.20	.40	.75	2.50
Sieva, or Small Lima. The popular small seeded Lima. Very prolific, hardy and quite early. Will continue to produce crop throughout the season.	.20	.40	.75	2.50
Beets, Swiss Chard				
BEETS, SWISS CHARD Giant Lucullus. Curled variety, large savoyed pale green leaves. Tender and thick stalks. Strongly recommended.	Pkt. \$0.10	Oz. \$0.20	1/4 Lb. \$0.60	
Common	.10	.20	.60	1.75

Common...

Grown for the leaves only, and cooked like spinach. The midrib is prepared like asparagus. It is hardy and productive, with broad green leaves and large white midribs or chards of excellent quality; can be sown at different seasons of the year, giving successive greens.

Garden Beets

The best soil is a light sandy loam, having been previously enriched with well-rotted manure. If the Beets are wanted extremely early, sow in hotbeds and transplant, cutting off the outer leaves. For early use, sow in rows at intervals of two weeks from the time the ground is fit to work in spring, up to July. The rows should be 12 inches apart and the seed sown thinly and covered firmly with 1 inch of soil. When the plants attain three or four leaves, thin them out to stand 3 or 4 inches in the row. One ounce will sow 50 feet of row; 7 pounds will plant an acre.

BEETS	Pkt.	Oz.	¼Lb.	1¦Lb
Crosby's Egyptian Extra early sort, globe-shaped. Flesh vermilion, very lightly zoned. Small green foliage, tinged with red. Excellent variety for early use.	\$0.10	\$0.25	\$0.75	\$2.00
Crosby's Egyptian (Special)	.15	.40	1.00	3.50
Detroit Dark Red. Early sort. Root globe-shaped, slightly tapering. Smooth skin, mahogany red flesh, crisp and sweet. Green foliage, blotched with brown-red. One of the best beets to store for winter.	.10	. 25	. 75	2.00
Edmand's Blood Red Turnip. Late sort, turnip-rooted, smooth and dark red skin, reddish-violet flesh, slightly zoned. Green foliage with red stalks. Good keeping sort.	.10	.25	.75	2.00
Early Wonder. The most perfect model of an extra early round beet, small tap roots. Favorite with the market gardeners.	.10	.25	.75	2.00
Beets for Greens only	.10	.20	.30	1.00

Mangels and Sugar Beets

To obtain the best results in New England, the seed should be sown the latter part of May, in rich, moist, well drained soil, which has been prepared by very deep ploughing and thorough harrowing. Sow in drills $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart very deep ploughing and thorough harrowing. Sow in drills $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart to permit horse cultivation and thin to about 10 inches in the row. Six to eight pounds of seed are required per acre. Two ounces per 100 feet of drill of the control of the contro

	MANG	ELS	AND	SUGAR	BEETS
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Mammoth Long Red... This is an enormously productive variety, yielding from 50 to 70 tons to the acre, a single root often weighing from 10 to 20 pounds. It is the best long red mangel. Very good on account of its nutritious and milk-producing qualities.

Sludstrup...

A variety that grows in Denmark to great size and weight. The seed we offer is Danish grown, and Sludstrup has been repeatedly awarded the highest honors in Danish Agricultural Exhibitions. In color it is reddish yellow. An excellent keeper.

Vilmorin's Improved White... Contains the highest percentage of sugar. It is also valuable for stock.

Broccoli

BROCCOLI

White Cape.. The best variety, large, white, compact heads, which remain firm for a long

Brussels Sprouts

This interesting vegetable produces small heads resembling miniature cabbages all over its tall stem. The sprouts, either cooked or pickled in the same way as cauliflower, are esteemed a great delicacy. Seed may be sown in May in a seed bed, and the plants afterward set out and cultivated like cabbage. Being small and hardy the sprouts are not in the least injured by frost. One ounce of seed produces about 1,500 plants.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Long Island Brussels Sprouts.

One of the surest and best varieties known, producing large, solid sprouts the entire length of the stalk. The flavor is all that the most exacting could desire.

CHINESE OR CELERY CABBAGE

CABBAGE, CHINESE

Pe-Tsai. This delicious Chinese vegetable belongs to the cabbage family and closely resembles a well-grown Cos lettuce, but is heavier. The light green, crumpled-leaved heads are very tender and of a delicious flavor.

Oz. 1/4 Lb.

\$0.10 \$0.40 \$1.25

Oz. ¼Lb.

.10

. 10

Pkt.

Pkt.

\$0.10 \$0.30 \$0.75

.30

.30

\$0.25 \$0.60 \$2.00

Oz. 1/4 Lb.

Lb.

.75

.75

.40 1.25 .10

Cabbage

Cabbage will do well in any deep, rich, well-drained, and abundantly manured soil. Sow the seed of early varieties in hotheds about February 1st, and prick out into other hotbeds as soon as the plants are strong enough, or set in cold frames in March. When danger of frost is past, transplant to the open ground. The late or winter crop seed can be sown in seed beds in May and plants set in the field in July. Late varieties are usually planted in rows 30 inches apart with 2 feet between plants; early sorts may be set 15 by 24 inches or even closer. One ounce of seed should produce about 2,500 plants.

EARLY VARIETIES, POINTED HEADS

CARRACE PARTY	70.	_	17.71
CABBAGE, EARLY Early Jersey Wakefield	Pkt.	\$0.40	¼ Lb. \$1.25
Probably the most extensively grown of the extra early kinds. Its superiority as regards firmness, sureness of heading, and keeping qualities recommend it as first class. Heads are very compact and of medium size.	40.10		V-1-20
	. 10	.40	1.25
Charleston Wakefield. Similar in every respect to the Early Jersey Wakefield, excepting size. Much larger and just as early, characteristics recommending it strongly to the market gardener.			
EARLY VARIETIES, ROUND FLAT HE	ADS		
CABBAGE, EARLY	Pkt.	0.	¼ Lb.
	.10		1.25
Copenhagen Market. The earliest large, round-headed cabbage yet introduced. Heads of excellent quality, solid and of uniform size, maturing at the same time.	1.5	1 50	. oo
Golden Acre. An extra early selection of the Copenhagen type, and the earliest of the round-headed cabbages, maturing with Jersey Wakefield. Plant small, dwarf and compact, with few outer leaves; heads of medium size, round as a ball, hard, solid and very uniform.	,15	1.50	5.00
SECOND-EARLY, OR MAIN CROP CABE	BAGE		
ALL ROUND FLAT HEADS			
	DI 4	0-	1 / T L
CABBAGE, SECOND EARLY	Pkt. \$0.10	\$0.40	¼ Lb. \$1.25
All-Seasons. Very extensively used as a main-crop variety. Heads are very large and solid. Exceedingly sweet and tender.			
Glory of Enkhuizen	.10	.40	1.25
Succession. A very popular variety in the vicinity of Boston for main or late crops. Has superior keeping qualities.	.10	.40	1.25
LATE OR WINTER VARIETIES			
CABBAGE, LATE	.10	40	1.25
Danish Ball Head. Famous for its hard-heading qualities, which at once recommend it as highly valuable for shipping. The magnificent heads are round in form and keep in excellent condition. When buried during the winter, they come out in the spring perfectly solid.	.10	.10	1.20
Danish Round Head	.10	.40	1.25
Warren Stone-Mason	.10	.40	1.25
round, and a fine keeper. Exceedingly fine flavor.			
SAVOY OR CURLED LEAF			
CABBAGE, SAVOY			
Globe Curled	.10	.40	1.25
Drumhead Savoy A large headed Savoy cabbage, combining the keeping qualities of the Drumhead with the fine flavor of the Savoy.	.10	.40	1.25
RED CABBAGE			
CABBAGE, RED			
Mammoth Rock Red	.10	.40	1.25

By far the best of the red or pickling cabbages.

Carrots

April is the time to sow for early use. Sow seed in drills 12 to 15 inches apart, and thin out from 3 to 4 inches in drill, covering seed about ½ inch. For general crop sow in May some distance apart as above but cover seed a little deeper, as sun is stronger. Perfect specimens require a fine, pulverized deep soil. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; three to four pounds required for acre.				
CARROTS	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	1 Lb.
Hutchinson Strain Danvers The favorite Strain of Danvers for Massachusetts market gardeners. It fills the box quickly, always good color, always brings a good price. Our stock of seed grown by a market gardener for the market gardener.	\$0.15			\$4.00
Chantenay Half-Long	.10	.20	.60	1.50
Danvers Haif-Long. The best variety for general crop; rich orange color, a very heavy yielder and splendid keeper, a first-class carrot for all soils, and valuable both for table and stock.	.10	.20	. 60	1.50
Guerande, or Ox Heart. Especially desirable for soil so hard and stiff that longer rooted sorts would not thrive in it. Tops comparatively small. Fine grained and sweet.	.10	.20	.60	1.50
Long Orange, Improved	.10	.20	.60	1.50
Nantes Half-Long. The sweetest of all carrots. Roots are smooth and of a bright orange color, growing about 6 inches long, of the finest quality and is a heavy cropper.	.10	.20	. 60	1.50
Cauliflower				
Cauliflower will not grow well during hot weather. For early spring crop, seed should be sown in a hotbed, coldframe, or window during February, never later than March 10. The plants may be set out like cabbage, right after frost has gone. These will head during June. We strongly advise the amateur to grow cauliflower only as a fall crop; it grows more easily at that time. The seed is sown about May 20. Plants may be set out July 15. With good care, they will grow slowly until the cool nights of September, when they develop rapidly into strong, leafy plants, and a strong plant nearly always produces a good flower. As the flowers form, gather the leaves together and tie them at the top, to prevent injury from sun and frost. One ounce will produce 1,000 plants.				
CAULIFLOWER	Pkt.	½ O	7	l Oz.
	\$0.25	\$2.0		3.50
Extra-Early Dwarf Erfurt. This variety is much in demand by market gardeners for a main crop. Its earliness, compact habit, large-sized heads, and snow-white color recommend it to every grower as a variety of especial merit.				
Early Snowball. A very early dwarf variety, producing splendid white heads of the finest quality. Can be planted 18 to 20 inches apart.	.25	2.0		3.50
Danish Giant. An ideal variety for summer use as it will stand more drought and heat than any other kind. The heads are large, snow white and solid.	.25	2.0		3.00
Danish Perfection It is of a dwarf and compact habit; medium-sized heads; firm. Unsurpassed in quality, almost a sure header. Nearest to a snow-white head in cauliflower.	.20	۷.۱	50	3.50
Chervil		1 ,	1	2-
CHERVIL Moss Curled An improvement of the common sort, with crisp and curled leaves, of fine flavor; used for flavoring soups, salads, and for garnishing.	\$0.	kt. 10		Oz. .25
Chicory				
Sow in May or June in drills, thin out to 6 inches apart, treat as endive until end of summer, when it should be banked up like celery. The blanched stalks are used as a salad. It is also used as a boiled vegetable, prepared in the same way as cauliflower. One ounce will sow a bed of 4 square yards.	<u>.</u>		0	1/71
Witloof	Pk \$0.1		Oz. 0.30	1/4 Lb. \$1.00
grown in trenches in absolute darkness. Served as a salad in winter. Magdeburg, Large Rooted Long root, erect leaves.	.1	0	.30	1.00

Celery

The proper time to sow is early in April, transplanting about the first of June.
Set in rows 3 feet apart, and about 12 inches between plants in the row. Some
gardeners trim off the tops a little, while the plants are small, to make them
more stocky. Keep down all weeds, and, as fall approaches, draw earth up
to the plants, keeping the stalks well together. This earthing-up is con-
tinued at intervals, until only the leaves appear above the soil. When well
blanched, is ready for use. For winter use it is usually placed in frames and
covered with earth and litter or stored in cool cellars. Comparatively few
soils are suited to celery culture. Rich, mellow soils of a sandy nature are
best, while soils that settle and become hard after rain are unsuitable. The
seed, being very small, should be covered very lightly. One ounce will pro-
duce about 3.000 plants: ½ pound of seed sufficient to sow an acre.

duce about 3,000 plants; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of seed sufficient to sow an acre.			
CELERY	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Boston Market. Unexcelled for tenderness and crispness. This variety has achieved an enviable popularity in the vicinity of Boston. Our strain of this celery is grown by a market gardener of Arlington. It is a splendid keeper.	\$0.10	\$0.75	\$2.50
Giant Pascal. This is one of the most popular green-leaved varieties for fall or winter use. It is a good keeper, and has a fine flavor, and if properly stored, can be kept well into late winter or early spring. French grown seed.	.10	. 50	1.25
Paris Golden (Self-Blanching) For beautiful appearance and extreme earliness this variety is unexcelled. Color rich golden yellow; tender and of fine flavor, and a fine keeper.	.15	1.00	3.00
Easy Blanching Celery	.15	1.25	4.00

Celeriac TURNIP ROOTED CELERY

Sow in light, rich soil early in spring; transplant in May in beds and water freely. When plants are full grown earth up the bulbs to a height of 4 or 5 inches. In a month they will be blanched. The roots will be ready in October and are used in soups.

CELERIAC	Pkt.	1 Oz.
Giant Prague	\$0.10	\$0.50
Late, very large turnip-rooted celery. Root smooth and almost spherical,		
small foliage. Good useful sort.		

Sugar or Sweet Corn

Average garden soil is very satisfactory. Sow after the ground becomes warm; first planting may generally be made about May 15. Continue successive plantings every two or three weeks until the end of July. Plant I inch deep in hills, 3 feet apart each way, dropping 6 kernels to each hill. Thin to 3 plants per hill. With large varieties make hills 4 feet apart each way, Sweet corn may also be sown in rows 3 feet apart and thinned so that the plants will stand 10 inches apart in the row. Hoe frequently, keeping free from weeds, and draw soil up to the stem; break off all side shoots. One pound will plant about 200 hills; 12 pounds will plant an acre.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

CORN, EARLY SWEET	Pkt.	1 Lb. 2	Lbs.	6 Lbs.
Cory, Red Cob. One of the earliest and best extra early varieties. Ears are 8-rowed, medium size, with red cob. An excellent variety for market.	\$0.15	\$0.25	\$0.45	\$1.25
White Cob Cory. A very fine, large, early corn; ears double the size of the old Cory; the same pure white color. Has white cobs, thus giving fine appearance.	. 15	.25	.45	1.25
Early Mayflower. By far the largest of the extra early varieties. Excellent flavor. Large kernels; 10 to 12 rows. Ears 8 to 10 inches long.	. 15	.25	.45	1.25
Pocahontas Is one of the earliest varieties, similar to the White Cob Cory; ears are large, evenly filled with tender white kernels of very fine quality.	.15	.30	.50	1.25
MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES				
CORN, MEDIUM SWEET	Pkt.	1 Lb. 2	Lbs.	6 Lbs.
Black Mexican	\$0.15	\$0.30	\$0.50	\$1.25

MILDION LANCE VARIETIES				
DRN, MEDIUM SWEET	Pkt. 1	Lb. 2	Lbs. 6	6 Lbs.
Black Mexican	\$0.15 \$	30.30	\$0.50	\$1.25
When in condition for the table it cooks white, but the grain when ripe is black. Ear rather small, grain very sweet and tender.				
Crosby's Early	.15	.30	.50	1.25
and tender.				
Early Golden	.15	.30	. 50	1.25
Ripens with the Early Crosby: grows about 5½ feet high, having 2 or 3 good				

ears on a stalk. Usually 8 to 12 rows of golden yellow kernels.

CODY MODITIVE DIDITY CO. 1	701 . 4 7		
CORN, MEDIUM EARLY—Continued Golden Dawn. One of the best medium earlies for general crop. A favorite with the market	Pkt. 1 1 \$0.15 \$0	Lb. 2 Lb: .30 \$0.5	3. 6 Lbs. 50 \$1.25
gardeners. A great yielder; ears of good size and very sweet. Golden Bantam	.15	.35 .6	55 1.75
Gold Coin. In our estimation the best yellow sweet corn ever catalogued. Ten days later	.15	.40 .7	75 2.00
than Golden Bantam, with ears and stalks almost double the size. Very prolific and of delicious flavor. We recommend it very highly. Golden Giant	.15	.35 .6	35 1.75
Ears very large; 14 to 16-rowed; richer in color, but much later than Golden Bantam. A very good sort for the truck farmer.	.10		,0 1.10
Potter's Excelsior. The richest flavored and the sweetest of all the medium early varieties. Large 12-rowed ears with deep kernels. Ripens fairly early. One of the finest sugar corn for the table.	.15	.25 .4	15 1.25
LATE VARIETIES			
CORN, LATE SWEET Country Gentleman	.15	.35 .6	65 1.75
A distinct sort, with deep, fine grains, which are staged irregularly on the cob. Quality is excellent.	.10	.00 .	,0 1.10
Stowell's Evergreen. The standard main crop variety, much used for the home garden, market, and canning. It is hardy and productive, very tender and sugary, remaining a long time in condition suitable for boiling.	.15	.25 .4	45 1.25
Bantam Evergreen. A yellow variety maturing about 10 days after the Golden Bantam and a week earlier than the Stowell's Evergreen white. It has an ear three times the size of Golden Bantam and runs 12, 14, and 16 rows to the ear.	.15	.40 .	75 2.00
Cress			
One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 12 pounds will sow an acre.	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Broad Leaf, or Upland	\$0.10	\$0.40	
salad. Extra Curled, or Garden (Pepper Grass)	.10	. 20	.35
Crisp, pungent leaves; finely cut, dwarf, and compact. Used for garnishing. Water. Thrives best alongside running water.	.10	.60	2.00
Cucumbers			
For very early use seed may be started in heat and the plants set out in May. Pieces of inverted sod are an excellent medium for starting and growing early cucumber plants, as they can be readily lifted from the hotbed to the			
garden without disturbing the young plants growing upon them. For main crop, plant in hills 4 feet apart, at the end of May. Make the hills rich with well-rotted manure, and keep the young plants safe from the striped bug by dusting with dry plaster or powdered hellebore. Leave 4 strong plants to each hill. For pickles, plant during June and July. One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 1½ pounds to one acre.			
well-rotted manure, and keep the young plants safe from the striped bug by dusting with dry plaster or powdered hellebore. Leave 4 strong plants to each hill. For pickles, plant during June and July. One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 1½ pounds to one acre. CUCUMBERS Ames' Hothouse (Forcing)	Pkt. \$0.25	Oz. \$1.25	
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Dandelion

Sow as early as the season will allow in good, well-manured ground, in rows 12 inches apart. Cover seed ¼ inch deep and press down soil after planting. Thin plants to 3 inches in row; by so doing the roots will be larger and time will be saved next spring in gathering the crop. One ounce will sow 100 ft. of drill; one and one half to two pounds will sow one acre.

DANDELION Improved Thick-Leaved	Pkt. \$0.15	Oz. \$0.75	½ Lb. \$2.50
Cultivated for spring greens, an immense improvement on the common dandelion, both in size and thickness of its leaves and fine flavor.	00.10	\$ 0.10	42 .33
Eggplant			
Any good garden soil will serve, but fertilizing will repay. Start seed in warm greenhouse or hotbed in March or April. As the seed is slow to germinate, press soil firmly when covering. Be careful not to check growth by exposure. When plants are 2 inches high transplant to 3-inch pots. Set out in open ground about June 1, allowing 2½ feet between plants each way. Hoe frequently, keeping the soil loose and fine. As the season advances it is well to cover soil with a mulch of straw 2 inches deep to preserve the moisture during the hot weather. Eggplants do best in warm weather. One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants; ½ pound will sow an acre.			
EGGPLANT	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Black Beauty This is the earliest and best of all the large-fruited Eggplants. The bushes are well rounded, sturdy, branching freely near the ground. The large fruits are thick, heavy at the base and reducing toward the stem, of a rich, lustrous dark, purplish-black color, over the entire fruit. The stem and callyx are bright green, and are entirely spineless. The fruits set freely and develop rapidly.	\$0.15	\$0.75	\$2.25
New York Improved Spineless The strong bushes are larger than Black Beauty and keep the "eggs" off the ground better. The large, dark, purplish-black fruits are heavy at the base narrowing toward the top.	.15	.75	2.25
Endive			
Sow in May for early use about ¼ inch deep in rows 10 to 12 inches apart; thin out plants to 8 inches in row. Before using plants require to be blanched, which is done by gathering the outer leaves to a point and tying with soft twine or raffia. For late use, sow up to last of June. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.			
ENDIVE	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Broad Leaved Batavian (Escarole)	\$0.10	\$0.35	\$1.00
Green Curled	.10	.35	1.00
Fennel			
FENNEL	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Florence, or Naples. Resembles celery in flavor, but has a sweet taste and delicate odor. Should be sown in spring in drills 18 inches apart and the plants should be thinned to 5 or 6 inches apart.	\$0.10	\$0.25	\$0.75
Herb Seeds			
HERB SEEDS		kt.	Oz.
Anise. Seeds used as a condiment, and for infusions.		. 15	
Balm (Melissa Officinalis) Plant chiefly used for medicinal purposes, also for seasoning.		.15	
Basil, Large or Sweet. Aromatic plant, the leaves are used for flavoring.		, 15	
Borage (Borrago Officinalis). Annual. Leaves used for flavoring, and flowers employed in medicine. Flowers excellent for bees.	,	. 15	_
Caraway Common (Carum Carvi)		15	_

used for flavoring bread, pastries and meats.

Catnip..... Used for medicinal purposes.

HERB SEEDS—Continued Coriander	Pkt. \$0.15		Oz.
Seeds used in domestic preparations for flavoring. Dill (Anethum Graveolens)	.15		_
The leaves are used for flavoring pickles and seasoning. Fennel, (Foeniculum Dulce) The stalks of this plant are used for garnishing and flavoring sauces. Aromatic	.15		_
and sweet flavor. Horehound (Marrubium Vulgare)	. 15		_
Hyssop	.15		
Plant used as a pot herb or for medicinal purposes. Lavender (Lavandula Vera)	.15		_
flowers are used for perfumery purposes. Marjoram, Sweet (Origanum Marjorana) Perennial plant with compact tufts, to be sown in April. The leaves can be harvested at the end of May. Seasoning and medicinal purposes.	.15		-
Pennyroyal	.15		_
Rosemary Very aromatic plant, used in culinary preparations.	.15		_
Saffron	, 15		_
Used for medicine and dye. Sage, Broad Leaved (Salvia Officinalis)	.15		_
Popular aromatic herb, largely used for flavoring. Savory, Summer (Satureia Hortensia)	.15		_
dressings. Thyme, French	.15		_
Popular herb used as seasoning. Wormwood (Absinthium). Ornamental plant, chiefly used for medicine.	.15		-
Kale			
For a late fall or early winter crop sow early in June; for spring crop, sow in September and cover with straw for winter. Sow in rows 1½ to 2 feet apart, so that plants may be cultivated when small. Cover seed firmly with ½ inch of soil. Thin or transplant plants to 1½ or 2 feet apart in the row. A frost greatly improves the quality. One ounce will sow 200 feet of row; 4 pounds will sow an acre.			
MALE Dwarf Green Curled Scotch This is the best for spring sowing in the north, and is the principal sort grown in the south for the northern markets. It is hardy and will remain over winter in any locality where the temperature does not go below zero. It is low-growing, rarely exceeding 18 inches in height, very hardy; with finely curled, spreading, bright green, long leaves, produced in great abundance.	Pkt. \$0.10	Oz. \$0.25	14 Lb. \$0.60
A very hardy variety. Popular with the market gardeners; very fine curled.	.10	.25	.60
Should be sown in September in rows, 1 foot apart, for spring greens. Tall Curled Scotch Leaves are bright green, exceedingly fine curled, tender, and of fine flavor. Very hardy.	.19	. 25	.60
Kohl-rabi			
Sow at intervals from April 15 to June, in drills $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, covering firmly with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. Transplant or thin out as needed. May be sown in hotbeds February 15 and planted out after frost. Sowings may be made the latter part of July for fall use. Used when 3 inches in diameter. One ounce will sow 200 feet of row; 4 pounds will sow an acre.			
KOHL-RABI Early White Vienna	Pkt. \$0.10	Oz. \$0.30	⅓ Lb. \$1.00
Early White Vienna. Extremely early with distinctly small tops. Bulbs of medium size, very light green or nearly white, and of best quality.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Early Purple Vienna. Very early with small tops, the leaf stems being tinged with purple. Bulbs of medium size, purple. Flesh, white. Desirable for forcing and early outdoor planting.	.10	.30	1.00
Leek			
For best results sow as early as the ground can be worked in spring, in rows 1 foot apart. Cover seed about 1 inch, transplant when plants are about 6 inches high in rows 6 inches apart; plant as deep as possible so that the neck being covered may be blanched. Ground should be made very rich.	D1.4	0-	¼ Lb
Large American Flag	Pkt. \$0.10	Oz. \$0.25	\$0.75
market gardeners. Monstrous Carentan The largest variety, often 3 inches in diameter. It becomes very white and tender. An exceptionally hardy and desirable sort.	. 10	.25	.75

Lettuce

Lettuce is the most popular of all salad plants, and, at the same time, is one of the easiest to grow due to its comparative freedom from disease and insects. Lettuce requires rich, light soil. A satisfactory way of starting the early crop is to sow in hotbeds in March, and transplant to 2 by 2 inches preferably in flats, which may be transferred to cold frames when the plants are strong enough. Plants that have been properly hardened in cold frames may be set out of doors as early as the ground can be prepared.			
LETTUCE Hittinger's Belmont Special. Dark green leaves and almost a sure header. Especially adapted for growing in greenhouse or hotbed. Valuable for market gardeners. (Supply limited.)	Pkt. \$0.15	Oz. \$1.00	1/4 Lb. \$2.50
Big Boston	. 10	.40	1.25
Boston Curled	. 10	.40	1.25
Black-Seeded Tennisball	.10	.40	1.25
Early Curled Simpson	.10	.30	1.00
Hanson	. 10	.35	1.25
Iceberg	.10	.50	1.75
May King A recent variety of great value on account of its extreme earliness, large size, and tenderness. Will head with heat as well as out-of-doors, though attains a better size with open-air culture. Has a globular shaped head of enormous size, hard, and well closed. A decided acquisition.	. 10	.40	1.25
Mammoth Black-Seeded Butter. The largest and by many considered the best variety for the late crop. Sown from middle of July to middle of August, and produces enormous, finely formed heads of the finest quality.	. 10	.35	1.00
New York, or Wonderful Very large and solid. The inner portion is a beautiful white, the outer leaves dark green. Does remarkably well through the summer months.	.10	.50	1.75
Salamander	. 10	.35	1.25
White-Seeded Tennisball. Extensively grown for forcing and heading under glass. Heads firm and good size; very white and crisp.	.10	.40	1.25
Unrivalled, White-Seeded An improvement on the White-seeded Big Boston, forming very solid, large, pale green heads without the reddish brown tinge, and of excellent quality. Forms a head in six weeks; at least ten days earlier than the regular Big Boston. May be sown all through the year and stands heat remarkably well. Is crisp, tender, and solid.	. 10	. 50	1.75
ROMAINE OR COS LETTUCE			
Giant Paris White	. 10	.40	1.00
Martynia			
Sow in hotbed in March for early use; for outside use sow in April or May, cover seed about ¾ inch; plants require a space of 3 feet each way, as they are of a branching nature. Pods used for pickling.			
MARTYNIA Martynia Proboscidea	Pkt. \$0.10	Oz. \$0.50	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. $\$1.25$
Mushroom Spawn			
MUSHROOM SPAWN American Spore Culture Spawn. An American make of spawn, which produce mushroom of excellent quality and large size. It is produced from original spores of the best varieties, gathered, and germinated under a famous French process, producing the most vigorous and prolific spawn.	Per Brick \$0.40) Bricks \$3.50
Mustard			
For early use sow in hotbed in March and for general use at intervals during the summer, in rows 6 inches apart and thick in row. Cut when not over 4 inches high.			
MUSTARD White Considered the best for salads and spinach. Leaves are light green. It is best when about 4 inches high.	Pkt. .10	Oz. . 15	½ Lb. .30

ONION SETS

Australian Brown.....

Japanese.....

Muskmelon or Cantaloupe

Early in May plant in hills 4 feet apart, dropping 6 or 8 seeds to the hill. When large enough, thin out to 4 strong plants. If small beetles appear, dust with slaked lime. Spray with Bordeaux to prevent blight (it cannot be cured), and cultivate freely till the vines cover the ground. One ounce will plant 50 hills; 2 to 3 pounds will plant an acre.

win plant 30 mins, 2 to 3 pounds win plant an acre.			
GREEN-FLESHED VARIETIES			
MUSKMELON Facility Hanksmanning	Pkt. \$0.10	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Early Hackensack	30.10	\$0.20	\$0.50
Montreal Market Improved This is a very large melon, with deep, pale green flesh of excellent flavor.	. 10	.20	.50
Rocky Ford. Fruit oval, slightly ribbed, dense-covered with fine netting. Flesh thick and very sweet. Medium size and an excellent shipper. We offer an exceptionally fine strain of this valuable variety.	. 10	.20	.50
Honey Dew	.10	.25	. 60
SALMON OR ORANGE-FLESHED VARIE	TIES		
Banana	.10	. 20	.50
Burrell's Gem. Grows uniform in size and weight. Flesh golden and very thick, fine grained, excellent quality.	. 10	. 20	. 50
Emerald Gem	.10	.20	. 50
Miller's Cream, or Osage One of the best keeping of the salmon flesh varieties, therefore valued highly for shipping. Dark green skin, slightly netted. Flavor delicious.	.10	. 25	. 60
Watermelon			
WATERMELON	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Citron for Preserves	\$0.10	\$0.15	\$0.45
Cole's Early	.10	. 15	.45
Mountain Sweet. Old, but still the standard of excellence for quality. Fruit long and very dark green.	. 10	. 15	.45
Phinney's Early	. 10	.15	.45
Okra, or Gumbo			
The young seed pods are used in soups, stews, catsups, etc. Highly esteemed in the south. After danger of frost is past, the ground being warm and in good condition, plant in rows about 2½ feet apart, covering with about 1 inch of fine soil firmly pressed down. When about 3 inches high, thin to about 1 foot apart in the row. Cultivate and keep free from weeds. The pods are in best condition for use when 1 to 3 inches long.			
OKRA, or GUMBO	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
White Velvet The pods of this variety are very free from ridges, being almost perfectly smooth. They are tender and very light green, almost white, in color.	. 10	.20	.50
Dwarf Green Improved. A very desirable sort, immensely productive, bearing very long pods, well filled. It is somewhat later than the Perkins' strain, and the pods are not quite so great in diameter.	. 10	. 20	. 50
Onion Sets			
By planting sets, onions may be had much earlier than from spring grown seed. To obtain onions, sets should be planted 3 to 4 inches apart in rows 1 foot			
apart, as soon as the frost is out of the ground.	1.73	0.1	1

1 Lb.

\$0.35

 $.25 \\ .35$

.35

8 Lbs.

\$2.50 1.75

2.50

2.50

Onions

Select a clean, rich piece of land. Scatter broadcast a heavy dressing of well-rotted manure, and plough 6 to 7 inches deep as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Sow about 4 pounds of seed per acre, in hills 1 foot apart and ½ of an inch deep, pressing the soil firmly on them. Cultivation should be shallow and frequent. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

RED VARIETIES			
ONIONS, RED Red Globe, Southport Flesh, fine grain, mild and tender; matures quite early; good size; skin, deep red.	Pkt. \$0.15	Oz. \$0.50	1/4 Lb. \$1.75
Red Wethersfield, Large. This is the standard red variety, large size. Skin, deep pinkish red. Smooth and glossy flesh, white, lightly tinged with pinkish rose. The large solid onions keep well for late Winter markets.	.15	.50	1.75
ONIONS, WHITE			
White Globe, Southport	. 15	. 50	1.75
White Portugal, or Silver Skin	.15	. 60	2.00
YELLOW VARIETIES			
ONIONS, YELLOW			
Ailsa Craig. The largest of all onions. Fine straw color, mild flavor, and a good keeper, used extensively for exhibition purposes.	.15	. 60	2.00
Danvers Yellow Globe (Special Strain). We make a specialty of this variety, and our seed is grown from as fine and perfect a selection as possible, thereby producing a strain that for uniform shape, heavy cropping, and superior keeping qualities cannot be equaled. The seed we offer of this strain is from a market garden in Davrey, Mass.	. 15	.60	2.00
Danvers Yellow Globe. An excellent strain of the aforementioned grown by one of our best New England growers. Sure to give satisfaction.	.10	.40	1.50
Prizetaker. Large yellow onion of a mild flavor. Flesh is pure white, fine grained.	. 15	. 50	1.75
Parsley			
Parsley seed germinates very slowly, taking 2 to 4 weeks to come up; hence, if wanted early, no time should be lost by delaying the sowing. Make the rows 12 to 14 inches apart. Thin to 3 or 4 inches apart, or transplant at this distance. One cunce will sow 100 feet of drill.			
PARSLEY	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Champion Moss Curled Leaves are of an exceedingly dark green color, very finely curled, making it most attractive for garnishing, while the plant itself looks very pretty as a garden border.	\$0.10	\$0.25	\$0.75
Hamburg, or Rooted	. 10	.25	.75
Plain Leaf. Longer leaves and color a shade darker than Curled varieties.	. 10	.25	. 75
Parsnips			
Sow in spring, as soon as the weather will permit, in rows 18 inches apart. Cover seed ½ inch deep; thin out to 5 inches apart in row when plants are large enough. A little frost improves the flavor. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.			
PARSNIPS	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Long, Smooth	\$0.10	\$0.25	\$0.75
Guernsey, Improved. A remarkably fine strain of Guernsey parsnip, noted for its heavy cropping and superior quality. Roots, half-long, thicker than Hollow Crown, very smooth, and fine grained.	.10	.25	.75
Hollow Crown			. 75

PEAS, EARLY

Alaska, or Clipper...

Garden Peas

The very early, round-seeded sorts may be sown as soon as ground is fit; the wrinkled sorts a week or so later. Further sowings may be made at intervals as needed, but best results are secured from early sowings. A good fall crop may often be raised by planting the extra-early smooth sorts about August 1. Peas should root deeply to grow well. It is well to make a 4-inch furrow, cover the seed 1 inch, and as the plants grow cover gradually until level. Let the furrows be broad at the base so the seed may be well distributed; this is preferable to double rows. The rows should be spaced 2 feet apart for dwarf sorts, 3 feet for the medium high, and 4 feet for the tall late sorts. Peas under 3 feet high grow well without support. Thorough cultivation keeps weeds down and prevents soil evaporation. One to 2 pounds will plant 100 feet of row; 120 pounds will plant an acre. All marked * indicate wrinkled varieties.

a, or Chipper...
A well-known and extensively used sort. Vines grow about 30 inches high and are covered with well-filled pods about 2½ inches long. Peas are round, blue in color, and slightly pitted.

A very large-podded early pea, following the Alaska. It is a heavy cropper; height, $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

INOCULATE THIS SEED WITH **FARMOGERM**

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

Pkt. 1 Lb. 2 Lbs. 7 Lbs.

.50 1.50

\$0.20 \$0.35 \$0.60 \$1.50

.30

.20

neight, 272 feet.				
American Wonder. An old variety, but still highly prized for its flavor and quality. Of dwarf, robust habit, growing 12 to 15 inches in height, and bearing an abundance of good-sized, well-filled pods.	.20	.35	.60	1.50
*Gradus, or Prosperity (the largest podded early pea)	.20	.40	.75	2.40
*Laxtonian. One of the earliest dwarf peas. Vines are vigorous, growing about 18 inches high, well covered with large, even-sized pods averaging 8 to 9 to a vine and 9 to 10 peas in a pod. Quality of the best.	. 20	.50	.90	2.75
*Little Marvel. It grows about 15 inches high. Pods average 2¾ inches in length, well filled with 6 to 9 large, deep green peas of excellent flavor.	. 20	.40	.75	2.35
*Nott's Excelsior A deservedly popular variety. An enormous yielder, with the very choicest flavor. Pods well filled with 6 to 8 peas, packed very closely together. Valued highly for the home garden.	.20	.40	.75	2.40
Blue Bantam The dwarf, vigorous vines average 15 inches in height and carry enormous crops of large deep bluish green pods. The handsome pointed pods, usually borne singly, measure 4 to 4½ inches long and are considered one of the best flavored.	. 20	. 50	. 90	2.75
*Sutton's Excelsior. This wrinkled variety is quite hardy and can be planted very early. It is dwarf, growing about 16 inches, and making a long broad pod, well filled of good quality.	.20	.40	.75	2.40
*Thomas Laxton. The only rival of the famous Gradus. Extremely early, wrinkled pea, long pod. In some respects we consider it better than the Gradus. Pods are of a deep rich green. Peas very sweet and deep green in color.	.20	.40	.75	2.40
Pioneer	.20	. 50	.90	2.75
LATE OR MAIN CROP				
PEAS, LATE	Pkt.	1 Lb.	2 Lbs.	7 Lbs.
*Admiral Dewey A vigorous growing, late variety, with large, dark green pods, well filled with peas of excellent quality. Height 4 feet.		\$0.40	\$0.75	\$2.40
Alderman. Unexcelled for shipping. Market gardener's favorite. A large-podded, late wrinkled variety of vigorous growth, 3½ to 4 feet high; very productive. Pods 4 to 5 inches long, well filled with large peas of excellent flavor.	.20	.40	.70	2.25
*Champion of England. Of the late varieties this is one of the very best and exceedingly productive. Grows 4 to 5 feet. Universally admitted to be one of the richest, best-	.20	.35	.65	2.00
flavored peas grown. *Duke of Albany, or American Champion	.20	.35	. 65	2.25
Dwarf Telephone (Carters Daisy)	.20	.40	.70	2.25
Similar to the Tall Telephone, except in the height of the vine, which is only about 2 feet.				

PEAS—Continued	Pkt.	1 Lb. 2	Lbs. 7	Lbs.
*Everbearing Very prolific; vine growing 2½ feet high. Pods 2 to 3 inches long, well filled with large peas of excellent quality.	. 20	.40	.75	2.40
*Quite Content. From our trials of this pea we believe it to be the largest pea grown. A main crop variety, 5-foot foliage and pods rich dark green, pods measure 6 to 7 inches, usually borne in pairs, and of a delicious flavor.	.20	. 50	.90	2.80
*Stratagem, Improved. Immense pods containing an abundance of good, large, tender peas; seed wrinkled; height 20 inches.	.20	.35	. 65	2.00
Telephone. The finest late wrinkled pea grown; exceedingly sweet and abundant producer; height 3½ feet.	. 20	.40	.75	2.40

EDIBLE PODDED PEAS

PEAS, EDIBLE	Pkt.	1 Lb. 2 Lbs. 7 Lbs.
Mammoth Melting Sugar Vines grow about 4 feet high. Very productive. Pods average 5 to 6 inches in length and 1½ inches in width. Use same as string beans.	\$0.20	\$0.40 \$0.75 \$2.40

Peppers

Sow in hotbed in March or April; transplant in open ground when all danger from frost is over, in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet apart in a row. Seed can be sown outside late in May. Cover seed ½ inch and thin as above. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.

PEPPERS ·	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Cayenne Small, red cone-shaped pods. Very strong and used largely for making pepper sauce.	\$0.10	\$0.50	\$1.75
Chinese Giant	.10	.60	2.00
Large Bell, or Bull Nose	. 15	. 65	2.25
Neapolitan. An excellent market variety on account of its earliness and productiveness. Fruit of large size, color, light green, changing to bright red when ripe.	.15	. 65	2.25
Pimiento. Desirable for salads or for stuffed peppers. Medium size, thick flesh, milk flavor.	.10	.65	2.25
Sweet Italian. A superb variety of exceedingly mild flavor. It is 6 to 7 inches in length and 2 to 3 inches thick at the base. Very handsome in appearance, light green before turning red. Often used in the green state.	.15	.65	2.25
Sweet Mountain, or Mammoth. Large and mild flavored, glossy red, with thick and fleshy rind. A well-known standard sort, popular with all growers for market.	.10	. 65	2.25
Squash, or PicklingBest for pickling; very hot; of medium size, thick and almost round.	. 10	. 65	2.25

Potatoes

A deep, mellow loam, rich in humus, furnishes ideal conditions for growing potatoes, but good crops are raised on both heavier and lighter types of soil. Early varieties may be planted as soon as the ground can be prepared. Cut the tubers into pieces the size of hen's eggs each of which must contain an eye; drop a piece every 15 inches in furrows 3 feet apart, and cover to a depth of 3 or 4 inches. Cultivate at intervals of a week or ten days, gradually throwing earth up around the stalks after the plants are 4 inches high. For potatoes fertilizers are unquestionably better than barnyard manure.

Owing to unsettled market conditions prices will be given on application.

POTATOES

Irish Cobbler

The most popular and reliable early, white sort. Quite round with deep set eyes. Distinct type.

Green_Mountain

Large, handsome white potato; main crop; the standard winter variety.

Spaulding's Rose

Red skin, late maturing, considered the best keeping sort. Potatoes large, smooth; excellent quality.

We can also supply certified stock of the above. Prices quoted on application.

Pumpkins

Plant any time after the ground has become permanently warm, about 4 seeds
to the hill; the latter to be about 8 feet apart each way. To obtain strong
vines they may be pinched back somewhat, and if large specimens are
desired leave but one or two pumpkins on a vine. One ounce will plant
25 hills; 4 to 6 pounds for an acre.

PUMPKINS	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Connecticut, or Common Field. Shape, almost round; fruits produced in great abundance; flesh coarse, and suitable only for stock feeding; light color.	\$0.10	\$0.15	\$0.50
King of the Mammoths	. 10	. 25	.75
Large Cheese A very large, flat, ribbed fruit, of a beautiful buff yellow color. The interior is of fine quality. An enormous producer, ideal for market or home gardens. Excellent for canning purposes.	.10	. 25	.75
Small Sugar	.10	.15	.50

Radishes

Radishes must grow quickly to be good, especially the small early sorts. The soil should therefore be thoroughly prepared. Start to sow right after frost is gone, at intervals of 10 days or so to insure a constant supply. Thin to 24 plants to the foot. If crowded, they run to leaves without making roots. Many gardeners sow the early sorts in the rows of slower-growing crops. The summer and winter varieties should be thinned to 6 to the foot; winter varieties should not be sown until August. One ounce will sow 100 feet of row; 8 pounds will sow an acre in drills.

RADISHES	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Crimson Giant Forcing	\$0.10	\$9.25	\$0.60
Early Scarlet Globe. A very popular variety with the market gardener, for forcing, and for early outdoor planting. The best shape, brightest scarlet. Tender and crisp.	.10	.25	. 60
Early Scarlet Turnip A well-known and popular variety. Small top of quick growth. Mild and crisp.	.10	.25	. 60
Giant White Stasburg	. 10	.25	.60
French Breakfast. Oblong shape, rapid grower, very mild and tender, of a beautiful scarlet color, tipped with white.	. 10	. 25	. 60
Giant Stuttgart	.10	.25	. 60
Long Scarlet. Short top. The standard variety of the long sorts, used either for forcing or open culture. Six or seven inches long.	.10	.25	. 60
Icicle	. 10	.25	. 60

WINTER RADISHES

RADISHES, WINTER Long Black Spanish. One of the latest and hardiest long radishes, especially adapted for winter use. Good flavor, crisp, and keeps well.		Oz. \$0.25	
Round Black Spanish	.10	.25	. 60

Salsify, or Oyster Plant

Sow the seed in light, deep soil, early in the spring, in drills 12 inches apart and 1 inch deep, thinning out the young plants to 4 or 5 inches. The roots will be ready for use in October, when a supply should be taken up and stored, like carrots. If left in the ground till spring, dig as early as possible. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill.

SALSIFI
Mammoth Sandwich Island
We consider this the largest and most profitable salsify in cultivation; roots
are two to three times the size of the ordinary salsify and of more agreeable

flavor. It is pure white in color and invaluable to market gardeners.

Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
\$0.10	\$0.30	\$1.00

Spinach

Spinach may be grown on any ordinary soil, and its cultivation is a ver	
simple matter. It is grown both as a spring and summer crop. For earl	
use, sow in August or September, in drills 12 to 14 inches apart. At th	
approach of cold weather cover lightly with straw, or any handy little	r.
Uncover when the plants begin to make a new growth in the spring. For	
summer use, sow early in the spring. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill	l;
12 to 16 pounds will sow an acre.	

SPINACH	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Giant Crumpled Leaf. It is the market gardener's favorite, for either fall or spring sowing. Produces large, thick, dark green leaves, somewhat crumpled, and has the quality of standing a long time.	\$0.10	\$0.15	\$0.30
King of Denmark. Grown mostly for a summer sort, the plants are dwarf, and do not run to seed, very dark green leaf.	. 10	. 15	.35
All Season. A sort far superior to any other for planting in the summer; will thrive in dry weather; does not blight.	. 10	.15	.30
Round Thick Leaf. The popular variety for either spring or fall. Large, thick, dark green leaves, somewhat crumpled, which will stand quite a long time. Our strain of this is as pure as can possibly be had, and we can confidently recommend it to market gardeners.	. 10	. 15	.30
Savoy Leaved (Bloomsdale) Leaves very large, tender and crumpled. Very productive.	.10	.15	.30
Victoria. Deep green, heavy, crumpled leaves of remarkably fine texture. Rather late and long standing.	. 10	. 15	.30
New Zealand A valuable variety for the garden, as it produces the thick tender leaves throughout the summer. Grows very large and luxuriantly in warm, rich	. 10	.25	.60

Squash

Squashes should not be planted until all danger from frost is past. They delight in a warm, thoroughly pulverized, very rich soil. Plant in hills in May, mixing with the soil in each hill a shovelful or two of rotted manure. Summer varieties should be planted in hills 5 to 6 feet apart each way. Late varieties in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way. Put 8 to 10 seeds in a hill, and when well grown thin out, leaving 2 or 3 strong plants to a hill. Early varieties, 1 ounce sufficient for 50 hills. Late varieties, ounce for 20 hills, 2 to 4 pounds to acre.

soil.

pies and canning.

EARLY SUMMER VARIETIES

SQUASH, SUMMER	Pkt.	Oz.	⅓ Lb.
Cocozello	\$0.10	\$0.25	\$0.75
Early Summer Crookneck Small, crooknecked, summer squash. Skin bright yellow, somewhat warted. Very early and quite productive.	. 10	.25	.75
Early White Bush Scallop, or Pattypan	.10	.25	.75
Giant Summer Crookneck	. 10	.25	.75
Mammoth Bush Scallop A selection from the ordinary variety, which it resembles, with the exception of being larger.	.10	.25	.75
Yellow Bush Scallop The only difference between this and the other varieties is that it is colored a deep yellow.	. 10	.25	.75

FALL AND WINTER VARIETIES

SQUASH, WINTER	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Bay State	\$0.10	\$0.30	\$1.00
Its chief points of merit are its hard shell, dryness of grain, and sweetness of flavor. The hard shell gives assurance of its being a good keeper. Shell is green; flesh, bright golden yellow and finely flavored. A large yielder.			
Boston Marrow	.10	.25	.75

to 2 pounds. Good flavor.

A heavy yielder.

New Stone.....

SQUASH—Continued	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Delicious. For table use no squash compares with it in its remarkable combination of fineness, compactness of grain, dryness, sweetness and exceedingly rich flavor. Weighs from 5 to 10 pounds.	\$0_10	\$0.25	\$0.75
Golden Hubbard	. 10	.25	.75
Improved Hubbard. More extensively grown than any other winter variety. Of very large size; bluish green in color. Dry, fine-grained flesh of a richness of flavor unsurpassed. Squashes may be kept in good condition from September to May.	.10	.25	.75
Prolific, or Orange Marrow. For an early fall squash there is none that can compare with this in earliness and productiveness, which are important features with the market gardener. Brilliant orange red in color, it looks attractive and sells well in the market.	.10	. 25	.75
Blue Hubbard. This squash is grown for us by a market gardener of Essex County. It is thick meated, fine grained, dry and very sweet. A favorable sort either for home use or for the market.	.10	.30	1.00
Warren Turban Special	. 10	.30	1.00
Warted Hubbard	.10	.25	.75

Tomatoes

The seed may be sown in hotbeds, with good bottom heat, in February or March. When the plants are 2 to 3 inches high, transplant into other frames, setting about 4 or 5 inches apart each way, or in boxes or in single pots which are to remain in the frames. Set the plants out in open ground not earlier than the last week in May or first week in June. They are very tender and will not bear the least frost. Choose a light, sandy, or gravelly loam, in a well-sheltered situation, and with a southern exposure if possible, as early fruit is desirable. In such a location the plants may be set about 4 feet apart each way, using a large shovelful of well-rotted manure in each hill. The plants will need to stand about 4 feet apart each way. One ounce will produce about 1,500 plants.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

Pkt.

.10

.40

1.50

Oz.

1/4 Lb.

Bonny Best	\$0.10	\$0.40	\$1.50
Earliana The very earliest large tomato. Remarkable for its large, uniform size, handsome shape, bright red color, and wonderful productiveness.	.10	.35	1.25
John Baer An extra early scarlet fruited variety of superior merit. The vines are very hardy and exceptionally productive. The fruits are the largest of all. They are nearly round, smooth, firm, and of excellent quality. They are extra early and are also most attractive in color.	.10	.40	1.50
GENERAL CROP			
TOMATOES, GENERAL CROP	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.
Dwarf Champion	\$0.10	\$0.40	\$1.50
Dwarf Stone. A superior dwarf growing variety, possessing not only the habit and handsome foliage of the Dwarf Champion, but also the bright red, smooth and solid fruit of the Stone. An excellent variety for the home garden.	. 10	.40	1.50
Golden Queen. The largest and handsomest yellow tomato. Of superior quality and fine for the table.	.10	.40	1.50
Matchless A strong, vigorous grower, with thrifty vine which produces large handsome tomatoes most abundantly throughout the season. Color, a rich cardinal red. Flavor is excellent.	.10	.40	1.50
Ponderosa. Largest of all tomatoes. Single specimens often growing to weigh from 11/4	. 10	.40	1.50

Grown more extensively than any other for a main crop variety, especially by market gardeners. Very large, smooth, and solid, of a bright red color.

SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES

These are decorative in the garden, as well as highly desirable for preserving on account of their freedom from acid. They are tremendously prolific, continuing to bear right up to frost. They may be used raw, and make excellent table decorations.

TOMATOES, SMALL FRUITED Pear Shaped Small, pear-shaped fruit.		Oz. \$0.50	1/4 Lb. \$1.50
Red Cherry	.15	.50	1.50
Red Plum	.15	.50	1.50
Strawberry, or Ground CherryFruit grows in a husk. Fine for keeping.	. 15	.50	1.50
Yellow Peach	. 15	.50	1.50
Yellow PlumOval shaped, very smooth, clear lemon yellow.	.15	. 50	1.50

Turnips

Turnips do best in highly enriched, light sandy or gravelly soil. For the earliest varieties, sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills 12 to 18 inches apart. Fall turnips may be sown from the first of July to the last of August. Ruta Baga or Swedish turnips may be sown from the middle of June until the last of July, in drills 2 feet apart. Plants, when well up, should be thinned to 8 to 10 inches apart. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 1½ pounds will sow an acre.

TURNIPS	Pkt.	Oz.	¼Lb.
Extra Early Purple Top Milan (Flat)	\$0.10	\$0.25	\$0.75
Extra Early White Milan. One of the earliest turnips, possessing all of the good qualities of the Early Purple Top Milan. It is very smooth and entirely white, and it is ready for the market a week earlier than any other white variety.	.10	.20	.50
Early Snowball	. 10	.20	.60
Purple Top Strap Leaf Most extensively used of the flat turnips. White skin and flesh, with purplish top. Quite early. Very sweet and tender.	. 10	.20	. 50
White Egg Adopted for either spring or fall sowing, matures very quickly. The tops are small and roots are of medium size, with white skin and flesh.	. 10	. 20	.50
Purple Top White Globe	. 10	.20	.50
Yellow Aberdeen Purple Top	. 10	.20	.50

Ruta Baga, or Swedish Turnip

TURNIPS, RUTA BAGAS	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Budlong White Rock	\$0.10	\$0.20	\$0.50
Elephant Swede (Jumbo or Monarch, New)	.10	.20	.50
Improved American Purple Top	.10	. 20	.50
Large White French	.10	.20	.50
Shamrock Yellow fleshed variety, globe shaped and equal to any in quality.	. 10	. 20	.50
Sweet German. A very popular variety in New England, valued highly for its excellent keeping qualities. Flesh, white, and very sweet and tender. Medium sized. Very	. 10	.20	.50

firm and solid.

GRASS SEED MIXTURES

Owing to market fluctuations prices are subject to change without notice.

Ames Purity Lawn Grass Seed

- Here are a few suggestions for making a good lawn: First you need a moderately rich soil, of good depth, and well drained. Second the ground should be carefully prepared, making it fine, smooth and mellow as possible. Third the seed should be wisely chosen. Purity Lawn Grass Seed is the best selection you could possibly make; it is free from chaff. Sow as early in the spring as possible. The best time to make a lawn is from the middle of August to the last of September. Use a good fertilizer, such as wood ashes, ground bone or prepared lawn fortilizer.
- AMES PURITY LAWN MIXTURE. A special mixture for open, sunny locations, where a beautiful velvety green turf is required. One pound sufficient for 200 square feet; 2 bushels per acre.

 1 lb. \$0.75; 10 lb. \$6.50; 100 lb. \$60.00

- BANK AND TERRACE MIXTURE. This mixture is composed of deep rooting grasses which soon produce a close matted turf that prevents washing away during heavy rains............1 lb. \$0.70; 10 lbs. \$6.00; 100 lbs. \$50.00
- FAIR GREEN MIXTURE. A perfect mixture for general use on golf links...1 lb. \$0.75; 10 lbs. \$7.00; 100 lbs. \$60.00
- TENNIS COURT MIXTURE. This mixture is composed of extra fine grasses particularly adapted to tennis courts. It makes a firm, green, lasting turf of the finest texture, that improves with the tramping it receives.

 1 lb. 80.70; 10 lbs. 86.00; 25 lbs. 813.00; 100 lbs. 850.00
- WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. Choicest recleaned for sowing on lawns. Sow 10 to 12 pounds per acre...Lb, \$0.75 Special quotation for large quantities.

Ames Special Grass Mixtures for Pastures and **Mowing Land**

WRITE FOR PRICES

Ames Purity Grass Seeds for Lawn and Field

- Market conditions make it impossible to give firm prices on the following and we will ask our customers to write for Special Price List.
- NLESS BROME (Bromus Inermus). A hardy perennial grass remarkable for its ability to resist drought. Very valuable for hay and pasture grass, yielding very good crops even on poor soils and under unfavorable conditions AWNLESS BROME (Bromus Inermus). CREEPING BENT (Agrostis Stolonifera). Perennial, 1 to 2 feet, July. A grass desirable for either lawns or permanent pasture, on account of the firm and enduring turf it produces. Specially adapted to moist situations; 40 pounds required for 1 acre. Weighs 15 pounds to the bushel.
- CRESTED DOG'S TAIL (Cynosurus). Perennial, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, July. A very hardy grass, valuable for permanent pasture, and is not affected by extremes of weather. Very tender and nutritious.
- ENGLISH RYE GRASS (Lolium Perenne). Perennial, 15 to 24 inches, June. A valuable variety, used for lawnpermanent pasture, and mowing mixtures. Forms a very compact sward. Thrives well in dry soils.
- PACEY'S SHORT SEEDED PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. For use in golf courses, lawns, etc. Resistant to cold, and superior for turf on fairway where grass is needed quickly.
- HARD FESCUE (Festuca Duriuscula). Perennial, 18 to 24 inches, June. The most vigorous of them all; comes early and with tands long droughts.
- ITALIAN RYE GRASS (Lolium Italicum). Biennial, 18 to 30 inches, June or July. Unsurpassed in productiveness where a permanent grass is not desired. At its best on moist land; 3 bushels required for 1 acre. Weighs 18 pounds to the bushel.
- MEADOW FESCUE (Festuca Pratensis). Perennial, 18 to 24 inches, June and July. One of the most valuable grasses, succeeding in any good soil, though preferring moist places. Very nutritious. Largely used for a permanent
- KENTUCKY BLUE (Poa Pratensis). Perennial, 10 to 15 inches, June. Remarkable for its ability to adapt itself to a great variety of soils, succeeding on an average dry soil as well as on a moist meadow. An abundant yielder and presents a handsome green appearance early in the spring, thus making it of great value for lawn mixtures.
- MEADOW FOX TAIL (Alopecurus Pratensis). Perennial, 2 to 3 feet, May. A desirable grass for permanent pastures.
- ORCHARD (Dactylis Glomerata). Perennial, 3 feet, June. Of the greatest value in perma on account of its extreme earliness and rapid growth. Thrives best in moist, shady places. Of the greatest value in permanent pasture mixtures
- RED FESCUE (Festuca Rubra). Perennial, 2 to 2½ feet, June and July. On account of its creeping habit is especially valuable for loose, sandy soils and embankments.
- RED TOP (Agrostis Vulgaris). About 40 pounds to the bushel.
- RED TOP, FANCY RECLEANED. 32 pounds to the bushel.

GRASS SEEDS - Continued

- RHODE ISLAND BENT (Agrostis Canina). Perennial, 1 to 2 feet, June and July. Forms a very close sward. Resembles Red Top in appearance. Sow 3 bushels to the acre.
- SHEEP'S FESCUE (Festuca Ovina). Perennial, 6 to 18 inches, June and July. Very low growing adapted for dry, upland pastures. Weighs 12 pounds to the bushel. Sow 2½ bushels to the acre. Very low growing and especially
- SWEET VERNAL, TRUE PERENNIAL (Anthoxanthum Odoratum). Perennial, 1 to 2 feet, May and June. Prized for hay and pasturage on account of its delightful fragrance.
- TALL MEADOW FESCUE (Festuca Elatior). Perennial, 3 to 4 feet, June and July. A very vigorous growing grass relished by all kinds of stock. Prefers moist, shady places.
- TIMOTHY, or HERD'S (Phieum Pratense). Perennial, 2 to 3 feet, June and July. As a hay crop, Timothy is unsurpassed by any other grass. Thrives on ordinary soil, but succeeds best in a moist loam. Remarkably nutritious, especially when ripe, but is also hard and coarse at that stage. It is better to cut it when in blossom or soon after flowering. Beneficial to sow with Red Top and Red Clover as they produce more of a bottom growth. Not suited to sandy or light or gravelly soils; ½ to 1 bushel sufficient for 1 acre.

WOOD MEADOW (Poa Nemoralis). Perennial, 1½ to 2 feet, June. One of our most valuable grasses for shady places either in lawn or pasture mixtures. Produces a very thick growth and especially adapted to moist soils. Weighs 14 pounds to the bushel. Sow 2 bushels to the acre.

If interested in large quantities of mixtures write for quotations.

Ames Purity Clover Seeds

Market conditions make it impossible to give firm prices on the following. Please write for Special Price List.

- ALFALFA OR LUCERNE (Medicago Sativa). The chief merit of alfalfa is the fact that it can be cut several times in a season. The soil should be deep, rich and well prepared. It does not succeed on heavy clay. It will resist very dry weather owing to the depth which its roots go. It is greatly relished by all stock.
- GENUINE GRIMM ALFALFA. This strain is hardier and more productive than any other known variety. It originated in Northern Minnesota.
- MONTANA GROWN ALFALFA. Many farmers are having great success with this variety and prefer it to all others. We offer only the finest recleaned seed.
- ALSIKE (Trifolium Hybridum). Valuable clover for sowing with other grasses, as it forms a thick bottom, thereby increasing the yield of hay. It is very hardy, and will grow on nearly any soil.
- CRIMSON (Trifolium Incarnatium). Generally sown in summer and early fall, to be plowed under and used as a green manure. A rapid-growing, nitrogen-storing plant, and, as such, is invaluable for growth in orchards and wherever it can occupy the land from July to December.
- MEDIUM RED (Trifolium Pratense). More extensively grown in New England than any of the other clovers. Of very rapid growth and does best on rich, warm loams. Its luxuriant foliage is not only valuable as a food for cattle but when used with Timothy and Red Top it makes excellent hay.
- MAMMOTH RED. Grows much taller than Medium Red Clover.
- WHITE (Trifolium Prepens). Used largely in lawns and permanent pastures. Being a deep-rooted plant, it with-stands drought on dry sandy sections. Its stems are spreading, slender, and creeping. The small, white flower heads are borne from May to September.
- SWEET CLOVER (Melilotus Albus). Grown for hay, green forage or pasturage; also valuable for soiling. Sow 20 pounds to the acre. A biennial.

Miscellaneous Farm Seeds

Inoculate Beans, Peas and Vetch Seed with FARMOGERM and increase your harvest.

SOJA BEANS, MEDIUM GREEN. One of the most valuable and important forage and soil-improving crops. Feed green or as ensilage.

A large-growing, yellow-seeded variety, especially suitable for ensilage and plowing under. YELLOW SOJA BEANS. Sow at the rate of 1 bushel per acre.

- WHIP-POOR-WILL COW PEAS. A valuable and nutritious forage or hay crop. Enriches poor land; improves good land. One of the best and cheapest ways of improving soil is the plowing under of leguminous crops. Cow good land. One of the best and cheapest ways of improving soil is the plowing und Peas have been found superior for this purpose, especially on medium or light soils.
- CANADA FIELD PEAS. Very valuable in the Northern States for cattle feeding. Sow at the rate of 3 bushels to the acre. When sown with oats they furnish a large amount of forage in August, when grass pastures are usually short.
- SPRING VETCH, OR SPRING TARES (Vicia Satira). This, like Field Peas, is used both for green fodder and for plowing into the soil.
- DWARF ESSEX RAPE. A forage plant of great merit, easily grown in any part of the United States, and of great value for sheep and lambs. One acre of rape is sufficient to pasture 10 to 15 lambs for 2 to 2½ months.

 Lb. \$0.25; 100 lbs. \$18.00

 WINTER, OR HAIRY VETCH. Each year we find a great increase in our sales of Hairy Vetch. It is becoming noticeably popular with those who wish to grow more forage. It is especially adapted as a soil fertilizer. It succeeds and produces a good crop on poor, sandy soil as well as on good land. It is perfectly hardy throughout the United States. The root growth is very extensive and makes a quantity of nitrogen tubercles. The vetches can be sown from August to October. They should be sown broadcast, at the rate of from 20 to 30 pounds to the acre with 1 by belong the group of the ground makes a better growth and can be howested. bushel of rye, as the rye assists in holding the vetches off the ground, makes a better growth, and can be harvested earlier. If sown alone, 40 to 50 pounds per acre should be used.
- SUNFLOWER, MAMMOTH RUSSIAN. This is highly prized by the farmers, and is considered a good crop to grow to feed poultry on.
- SUGAR CANE, OR SORGHUM, EARLY AMBER. Valuable for the large amount of foliage, green fodder it produces, and for its grain. Ripens wherever Indian corn matures.

Please write us for prices on above.

FARM SEEDS

Owing to market fluctuations prices are subject to change without notice.

Choice Field Corn

For fodder and ensilage. Selected, Hand-picked quality.

Our Field Corn is selected on the ear before being shelled.

- Plant in hills, 8 to 12 quarts per acre; for fodder or ensilage, in drills, 1 bushel per acre; and for soiling, 2 bushels per acre, broadcast. Quart of any variety \$0.15 except where otherwise priced.
- SWEEPSTAKES PEDIGREE SEED CORN. This is the corn that is making Pennsylvania famous the corn it PAYS to RAISE. It makes the best ensilage; ripens fully and glazes well. Plant Sweepstakes Pedigree Corn this season and you'll plant it every season. It makes friends and keeps them. XXX grade...Peck \$2.00; bu. \$6.50

- EUREKA ENSILAGE CORN. The tallest and leafiest ensilage corn grown, and one that is being planted more and more every year. Every dairy farmer should have a field of this corn for his silo........ Peck \$1.25; bu. \$4.00
- IMPROVED LEAMING. One of the most popular and productive varieties planted in New England, as the stalks grow very tall, and produce as a rule two good ears on each stalk. The ears are from 9 to 12 inches long, containing 16 to 20 winding rows, solidly set on a small red cob, well filled with kernels of medium size, or rich golden color.

 Peck \$1.00; bu. \$3.00

Peck \$1.75; bu. \$6.00

STOWELL EVERGREEN. Unexcelled for summer and fall green feed, or curing for winter.

Grains

- Market conditions make it impossible to give firm prices on the following. Please write for Special Price List.
- BEARDLESS BARLEY. The best of all barleys. A great yielder.
- MONTANA BARLEY. The brand of Montana Barley which we carry produces large, nearly white berries, and is a very heavy yielder.
- SWEDISH OATS. Our seed is clean, well filled, selected stock, and we will be very glad to send samples. Weight, 32 pounds per bushel.
- SPRING RYE. Spring Rye is an excellent catch crop or for sowing where a fall crop has not been planted. It does not yield as heavy as winter rye.
- WINTER RYE. Our stock is New England grown. It will grow on most any variety of soil. Grown for grain, fodder, and soiling purposes.
- SPRING WHEAT. We are offering an extra fine grade of Spring Wheat. The heads are long, medium size, and plump kernels. The straw is stiff, medium length, and is very strong.
- WINTER WHEAT. Our grade of this seed of Winter Wheat is the best obtainable. Our seed is clean, well selected, and the kernels are extra large and plump.
- JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT. This is a highly desirable variety. Sown the same day as Silver Hull, it ripens a week earlier and yields nearly double.
- Please write us for prices on the above.

Millets

- Valuable for green fodder or hay, maturing in 50 to 75 days from the time the seed germinates, producing an abundant yield of forage, relished by all kinds of stock; should be sown in June or July. They must be cut while in blossom to make good hay.
- MILLET HUNGARIAN (Panicum Hungariensis). Used for hay and forage. Sow 40 or 50 pounds per acre, between the first and middle of June. Yields heavily, and when well cured is excellent for cattle, increasing the flow of milk. Sow 1 bushel to the acre.
- MILLET, COMMON (Panicum Miliaceum). Excellent for forage. Requires a dry, light, rich soil. Height, 2½ to 4 feet. For hay, sow broadcast, 1 bushel to the acre, from May first to August first. For grain sow in drills, ½ bushel to the acre, not later than June twentieth.
- MILLET, JAPANESE (Panicum Crus Gali). This is the most popular millet of all varieties grown in the New England States, on account of its producing very heavy growth for green feed. It grows from 6 to 9 feet high, yielding 12 to 14 tons of forage per acre. It makes good hay and is superior to corn in feeding qualities. As a catch crop it cannot be surpassed. Sow at the rate of 25 pounds per acre; 35 pounds to the bushel.
- MILLET, GERMAN OR GOLDEN (Panicum Germanicum). This millet will not resist the drought as well as the other varieties, but when fed in the green state, it is an excellent variety to grow. On good soil it grows from 4 to 5 feet high. Sow 1 bushel to the acre.
- Please write us for prices on the above.

AMES' FLOWER SEEDS

THE FOLLOWING LETTERS DESIGNATE THE CLASS TO WHICH THE VARIETY BELONGS.

A. Annuals P. Perennials H. A. Hardy Annuals H. P. Hardy Perennials H. H. A. Half Hardy Annuals H. H. P. Half Hardy Perennials B. Biennials G. A. Greenhouse Annuals H. B. Hardy Biennials G. P. Greenhouse Perennials	
H. H. B. Half Hardy Biennials	
ACHILLEA H. P. One of the best hardy perennials covered with double daisy-like flowers from spring until frost. Fine for cutting. Height 2 feet.	Pkt.
Ptarmica "The Pearl". Pure white	\$0.15
Double Rose Double White. Each	. 10
AGERATUM H. A. One of the very best bedding plants, being a mass of bloom from early summer till frost. Its flowers, unlike many bedding plants are not liable to be spoiled by rain, nor do its colors fade out.	
Blue Perfection. Deep amethyst-blue. Fine bedding. Height 1 foot	. 10
Little Blue Star. Exceedingly dwarf. Fine for edging. Height 4 to 5 inches	.25
ALYSSUM H. A. An ever popular border flower, requires least care of all flowers; will bloom in six weeks from planting of seed. For edges of beds or rockeries its color effect is fine.	
Little Gem. Grows compact and erect. Height 6 inches	.10
Carpet of Snow. Fine for edging. Grows very dwarf and sweet. Height 4 inches 1/8 oz. \$0.20	. 10
Lilac Queen. A very pretty dcep lavender-lilac, of dwarf compact habit	. 10
Saxatile Compactum H. P. Bright golden yellow. Height 1 foot	. 10
Sunrise. Bronzy-crimson, each branch terminating with a tuft of bright scarlet-carmine leaves Tricolor Splendens. Foliage crimson, yellow and bronze	.20
ANCHUSA Dropmore Variety H. P. A gentian blue perennial growing about 4 feet. Very attractive. ½ oz. \$0.40	.10
ANTIRRHINUM H. H. P. Large Flowering Giant Varieties. A very popular group of flowers for the decoration of bed and borders. Suitable also for cutting. Height 2 feet.	
Crimson, Rose, Scarlet, Terra-Cotta, White, Yellow, and Mixed. Each	. 10
New Giant Flowering Sorts Finest Mixed. Height 2 to 3 feet Large Flowering Half-dwarf Varieties. A splendid type growing about 18 inches high, the best for bedding purposes.	. 25
Crimson, Pink, Scarlet, Terra-Cotta, White, Yellow, and Mixed. Each	
AQUILEGIA (Columbine) H. P. This beautiful plant thrives in all kinds of soil, in either sunny or shaded spots; posses es graceful foliage; flowers abundantly from May until last of June; varied	. 10
colors.	0.5
Assorted Long-Spurred Hybrids	.25
ARCTOTIS Grandis A. A charming annual, producing a mass of white daisies with steel blue centers, useful for cutting	. 10
ASPARAGUS G. P. An excellent pot plant for conservatory or house decoration. Plumosus Nanus. Feathery, fern-like foliage. Height 18 inches	.25
Sprengeri. Drooping, feathery foliage; excellent for hanging baskets	. 10
ASTERS. For best results asters should have rich soil and plenty of moisture. The roots are produced near the surface, a mulching during hot weather is beneficial. Change the location of the bed every year.	.10
The following six are novelties of recent introduction, are of great beauty and should be in every collection.	
Crimson Giant. This variety is of upright growth, the plants growing about 2½ feet tall, and producing large double bright crimson flowers on stems 15 inches, a splendid variety for cutting or the border.	. 20
Heart of France. The flowers which are borne on long stems, are very large, of rich ruby red color which deepens with age	.20
Lady Roosevelt. A splendid, midseason variety of a dark brilliant rose	.20
Lavender Gem. A beautiful variety of the Comet type. The flowers are silvery white when first opening, changing to a beautiful shade of lavender when fully expanded	. 15
New Red Sensation. The reddest of all red asters, flowers being borne on long stems	.20
Peerless Pink. Producing very large flowers, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, of a pleasing shell pink color, splendid for cutting	. 15
Collection of a packet each of the above six varieties of Asters, \$1.00.	
 Beauty. A recently developed late flowering strain coming into bloom in late September and being at their best through October, the plants grow nearly 2 feet high, and bear very large dense double flowers. 	
Lavender, Pink, Purple, Rose, White, and Mixed. Each	.15
Crego Giant Comet. Flowers are extra large, with long, wavy, curled petals. The plants attain a height of 18 inches and are in bloom from August to October.	
Lavender, Pink, Rose, Purple, White and Mixed. Each	. 10

ASTERS—Continued	
New King Asters. This new type of aster is of sturdy habit, producing very large flowers with needle-like petals. The plants attain a height of 18 inches and are in bloom from August to October.	Pkt.
Crimson, Lavender, Pink, Rose, Violet, White and Mixed. Each	\$0.15
Crimson, Light Blue, Dark Blue, Pure White, Rose Pink, Shell Pink and Mixed . 1/4 oz. \$0.75	. 10
 Queen of the Market. An extra early variety, bearing large double flowers, plants of branching habit, having long stems, 2 feet. Mixed colors	.10
Lavender, Purple, Rich Rose, Rose Pink, Shell Pink, White and Mixed	,15
AMES SUPERB MIXED ASTERS. Our own mixture of the leading choice varieties includes every color and shade known among asters, and will afford, especially if purchased in bulk, the greatest discovery of both colors and types. Purchaser of a single packet may be certain of securing a choice collection of desirable varieties 1 oz. \$4.00; ¾ oz. \$0.60	. 15
BALSAM H. H. A. An easy-growing annual of quick growth, very desirable for garden or pot culture. Set 15 inches apart in rich soil.	
Light Yellow, Salmon Pink, Scarlet, Striped, Violet, White Perfection and Mixed.	. 10
BEGONIA H. H. P. and G. P. One of the finest bedding plants due to its profusion of bloom from May until frost. Very good pot-plant for the winter.	
Gracilis Luminosa. Brilliant scarlet	.25
Gracilis Primadonna. Brilliant pink, shading to carmine	. 25
Semperflorens Vernon. Deep red foliage, flowers orange-carmine.	. 50 . 25
Tuberous-Rooted. Single mixed.	.50
Tuberous-Rooted. Double mixed.	1.00
BELLIS PERENNIS (Double Daisy) H. P. Favorite perennials producing in spring their handsome, double flowers, and are very effective when planted with pansies or forget-me-nots. Rich soil and cool situation suit them best.	
Giant White, Giant Rose, and Double Mixed. Each	. 15
CALCEOLARIA G. A. Indispensable for greenhouse decoration. Bears a profusion of small pocket-shaped flowers, many of which are beautifully tigered or spotted. Ames Special Mixture. Superb strain	. 50
CALENDULA A. A most popular annual, very showy, grows in any kind of soil, makes a fine effect in mixed beds or borders, a good potting flower. Orange King. Large double orange	. 10
Lemon Queen. Large sulphur yellow. Oz. \$0.50 Large double, finest mixed. Oz. \$0.50	.10
CALLIOPSIS H. A. Very hardy and showy annual, with bright yellow and reddish-brown single daisy-like flowers, easily grown and useful both for garden decoration and cutting.	
Crimson King. Color rich velvety-crimson garnet. 9 inches	.10
Drummondii. Large golden yellow flowers with brown center. 12 inches high	. 10
COREOPSIS Grandiflora H. P. Large yellow flowers valuable as a cut flower. Height 2 feet.	
½ oz. \$0.25	. 10
CAMPANULA Persicifolia Grandiflora H. P. One of the finest of the hardy bellflower, grows 2 to 3 feet high with large flowers.	
Blue or White. Each% oz. \$1.00	. 15
Pyramidalis. A beautiful stately hardy plant, either for garden or pot culture. 4 to 5 feet. Blue or White. Each	. 15
CAMPANULA Canterbury Bells H. B. This old-fashioned flower is a favorite with all. Stately and	
showy, and of the easiest growth.	
Single Varieties, Dark Blue, Light Blue, Rose, White, or Mixed	. 10
Medium Double Flowering Finest Mixed	.10
CANDYTUFT A. A very hardy plant, easily grown and flowers all summer. It is a universal favorite,	.10
and is used for beds, borders, pots, etc. Carmine-Rose, Crimson Deep Shade and Mixed. Each	.10
Giant Hyacinth — flowered or Improved Empress — pure white	.10
CARNATION Marguerite. A magnificent sort, early flowering, bearing large flowers with fringed petals; commence to flower in twelve weeks' time from seed.	
Rose, Scarlet, White, Yellow and Choice Mixed Colors. Each	.10
Giant Marguerite. Mixed. Flower of immense size	.25 $.25$
manage & Ever browning. Drooms ave months after being sown and win produce spielidid flowers.	. 40

CELOSIA (Cockscomb) A. Hardy annuals producing peculiar heads of bloom rather resembling a cock's comb, hence the name.	Pkt.
Glasgow Prize. The finest of all, producing immense heads of glowing crimson 1/3 oz. \$0.50 Dwarf Empress. A miniature plant, with enormous combs of intense bright red 1/4 oz. \$0.50	\$0.10 .10
Crested Varieties. Choice mixed	.10
Celosia Plumosa. Ornamental plant, bearing graceful plumes.	
Pride of Costle Gould. Produces immense plum-like flowers of various shades of red and yellow. 1/16 oz. \$0.50	.20
Childsii (Chinese Woolflower). Bearing enormous heads of flowers which resemble balls of silky wool, can be cut and dried lasting a long time	.20
CENTAUREA H. A. One of the most popular annuals; will grow anywhere and is a favorite cut flower.	
Cyanus or Bachelor's Button. Double Blue, Double Pink, Double Mauve, Double Rose, and Choice Mixed Colors. Each	.10
Rose, White and Mixed Colors. Each	.10
CENTAUREA Candidissima (White Leaved). Silvery white leaves broadly cut	. 15
CHRYSANTHEMUMS H. A. and H. P. Bloom profusely from early summer until frost, and when grown in large beds or masses their bright flowers make a splendid show.	
Inodorum Plennissimum. Double snow-white free-flowering, fine for cutting	.15
Coronarium Double Mixed. Yellow, white, etc	. 10 . 10
Japanese Hybrids H. P. Double flowered. The seed here offered has been saved from a choice	.10
collection. Seed sown in spring will flower by autumn.	.25
Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum (Alaska Shasta Daisy). Large, single, pure white flowers, borne on long stems. Excellent for border and cutting	.25
CINERARIA. A magnificent greenhouse plant having a range and brightness of color seldom equalled. Sow seeds from May to July.	
Hybrida Grandiflora. Prize varieties, finest obtainable; large flowering, brilliant blossoms, beautifully marked colors	.50
Dwarf Large-flowering Mixed. Dwarf compact habit with immense trusses of large flowers in rich	
colors	.50
Maritima (Dusty Miller). Silvery foliage. Fine for bedding, edging, and ribbon planting.	. 50
1/4 oz. \$0.25	.10
CLARKIA H. A. This pretty and easily grown annual will do well either in sun or shade, growing 2 to 2½ feet high, with leafy racemes of double flowers which all open in water when cut.	10
Elegans, Double Mixed. A fine mixture containing all the colors	. 10 . 10
Scarlet Queen. Rich scarlet 1/4 oz. \$0.75	.10
COBEA Scandens H. A. Magnificent, rapid-growing climbers, with large bell-shaped flowers, adapted for outdoor growth in summer; also for the house and greenhouse. The seed should be started in the house and planted edgewise.	
Rich Purple	.10
COLEUS New Hybrids Mixed G. P. An attractive foliage plant for ornamental bedding	.25
CONVOLVULUS (Morning Glory). H. A. The morning glory is too well known to need a description, and one seldom finds a more satisfactory vine. The amateur gardener can be sure of a fresh supply of bright-colored, delicately-tinted flowers.	
Mixed, all Colors	.10
Mixed Imperial Japanese. They are beyond question the handsomest of all morning glories. Oz. \$0.35	.10
COSMOS H. A. Extra Early Giant Varieties. This variety will flower in 60 days from sowing and blooms continuously till frost. The flowers are large, measuring 3 to 4 inches in diameter, the plant attaining a height of 4 to 5 feet.	
Early Crimson, Early Pink, Early White, and Mixed All Colors. Each	.10
COSMOS Autumn Giant Flowering. Crimson, Pink, White, and Mixed All Colors. Each	10
Double Late Flowering. Crimson, Pink, White, and Mixed. Each	.10 .20
CYCLAMEN. A genus of the most beautiful and elegant winter and spring blooming plants for pot culture. If sown early in spring under glass, will make flowering bulbs in one year.	,
Giganteum Mixed. Extra fine strain. Flowers of an extraordinary size, broad petals and stout flower stalks.	.50
DELPHINIUM H. P. Among our best plants for mixed borders, etc., producing long spikes of flowers.	
Belladonna. This is called the Everblooming Hardy Larkspur; in addition, is of the finest type, lovely pale blue; height 3 feet	.25.
Bellamosum. Deep blue, Belladonna type	.25
Gold Medal Hybrids. Large spikes 2 to 3 feet long; mostly light shades of blue	.20
DIANTHUS H. A. and H. P. This class of pinks are usually treated as hardy annuals. They flower early in summer and continue until frost; excellent for small beds or edgings; flowering profusely. Chinensis Fl. Pl. (Chinensis or Indian Pink). The double flowers are produced in great variety of	
Chinensis Fl. Pl. (Chinese or Indian Pink). The double flowers are produced in great variety of colors; very free flowering. Mixed. Height 1 foot	. 10
Heddewigii Fl. Pl. (Japanese Pink). Very large flowering, double, choicest mixed; extra fine strain; colors vary from rich crimson to delicate pink	. 10

DYANTIMIC C. Charact	
DIANTHUS - Continued	Pkt.
Fireball. New, magnificent, large, double, scarlet. Height 1 foot	\$0.10 .10
Height 1 foot	.10
½ oz. \$0.50	. 10
Plumarius Fl. Pl. Mixed H. P. (Double Pheasant's Eye Pink). Spicy clove fragrance. Double fringed flowers of white, crimson or purple shades, spotted and variegated	. 10
Semperflorens H. P. (Everblooming Hardy Garden Pinks). Very beautiful, sweet scented, double, semi-double and single flowers	15
DIDISCUS Coeruleus (Blue Lace Flower). A charming annual blooming from July till frost. The plant is vigorous, growing to a height of 18 inches and producing a large number of pale lavender flowers which are useful for bouquets	. 15
DIGITALIS (Foxglove) P. Excellent hardy perennials producing long clusters of tubular flowers. Splendid for shrubberies, shady places and borders.	
Gloxinaeflora. Mixed	. 10
DIMORPHOTHECA (Orange River Daisy). Showy garden annual, splendid for cutting. The daisy-like blooms are borne on long stems. Height 18 inches.	
Aurantiaca. Rich orange-gold flower	. 10 . 10
DRACAENA Indivica. Decorative plants with long, narrow leaves, suitable for center plants in vases, baskets, etc	. 10
ESCHSCHOLTZIA A. (California Poppy). An annual of easy culture. Seeds sown early will come into bloom in June and continue until frost.	
All Shades Mixed	.10
EVERLASTING FLOWERS. To meet the growing demand for these for use in winter bouquets, we have made up a collection containing a packet each of the test six varieties. Price \$0.50.	
GAILLARDIA H. A. and H. P. A very showy flower and easily raised from seed, the annual varieties being about 18 inches high and free flowering. The perennial variety should be sown early to produce large plants for the following season.	
Lorenziana Mixed A. A charming, profuse, double-flowering strain; beautiful colors. Oz. \$0.60 Single Gaillardia Grandiflora Compacta H. P. Very large and showy, red flowers bordered with deep yellow. The flowers grow on stems 2 feet long and are often 3 inches in diameter.	. 10
$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. $\$0.50$.15
GODETIA H. A. Very showy annual, of dwarf, compact growth, bearing large flowers of exquisite colors, and shades that glisten in the sunlight like satin.	10
Dwarf Sorts Mixed. Many brilliant colors	. 10
GLOXINIA G. P. Their flowers are produced in greatest profusion and of the most exquisite and gorgeous colors, many of which are magnificently mottled and spotted. Hybrida Grandiflora. A very choice strain; great variety of colors	.50
GOURDS H. A. A very ornamental class of rapid growing climbers. The fruit is of curious shapes, sizes and colors. All are hard shelled and will keep indefinitely.	
and colors. All are hard shelled and will keep indefinitely. Collection containing a packet of 8 different varieties \$0.60. Mixed Varieties of all kinds	. 10
GREVILLEA Robusta. Grows rapidly from seed, and is pretty in all stages of growth; with its long drooping silky foliage it reminds one of a palm or fern. Height 4 feet	
drooping silky toliage it reminds one of a palm or fern. Height 4 feet	.10
covered with loose panicles of flowers; excellent for cutting and mixing in bouquets. Elegans Grandiflora Alba (Paris Market). This is an improved large-flowering, pure white, of free, easy growth. Several sowings should be made during the season to keep up a supply.	
easy growth. Several sowings should be made during the season to keep up a supply. 1/4 lb. \$1.00; oz. \$0.30	.10
Elegans Carminea. A blush pink form of above. Very free floweringOz. \$0.50; ½ oz. \$0.15 Paniculata H. P. White flowers, fine for bouquets; one of the favorite hardy perennials; blooms first year if sown early; height 2 feet½ oz. \$0.30	.10
first year if sown early; height 2 feet	. 10
annuals.	
Chrysanthemum Flowered. Large golden yellow flowers resembling a chrysanthemum. Oz. \$0.50 Globosus Fistulosus. Flowers large and a rich saffron color. Height 6 feet	. 10 . 10 . 15
Mammoth Russian. Grows 8 to 12 feet high bearing single heads measuring from 15 to 18 inches in diameter	.10
HELICHRYSUM H. A. Straw flower. Bright and attractive summer blooming annuals of free growth and producing in abundance large double red, white and yellow flowers, valuable as an "Everlasting."	
Bright Red, Canary Yellow, Golden Yellow, Rose, Salmon, White, and Choice Mixed Double. Each	.10
HELIOTROPE H. H. P. Grows 1½ feet high. A favorite because of its beautiful perfume. Does very well as a bedding plant or as a pot plant for the winter.	
Lemoines Giant. Immense flowers varying in color from deep blue to lilac	.15

HOLLYHOCK H. B. These beautiful summer flowering plants bear long spikes of flowers 3 to 4 inches across. One of the oldest inhabitants of our gardens and indispensable for the perennial border. The hollyhock is among the most stately of our garden plants, growing to a height of 6 feet.	Pkt.
Deep Rose, Deep Scarlet, Maroon, Salmon Rose, Yellow, White, and Extra Choice Double Mixed. Each	ξ 0 .10
KOCHIA Summer Cypress or Mexican Fire Bush H. A. An easily grown annual, which grows into a cypress-like hedge, with feathery foliage; at the approach of autumn the foliage turns to a deep red color; 2 to 3 feet	.10
LARKSPUR Double Tall Branching, or Stock Flowered. The finest class of all larkspurs for cutting and borders, with long spikes of large, double flowers, 2 feet. Carmine, Dark Blue, Lilac, Rose Pink, Violet, White and Finest Mixed Colors. Each //2 oz. 80.30	. 10
LOBELIA H. H. A. and H. P. The dwarf varieties are very useful for edging and the trailing varieties for hanging-baskets and window boxes. Blooms the first season from seed. For the best results seed should be sown early.	
Crystal Palace Compacta. The best variety for bedding. Flowers deep blue. Height 6 inches. 1/2 oz. 80.50	. 10 . 10
Gracilis. Light blue; light green foliage, trailing	. 15
LUPINUS H. A. and H. P. Excellent for beds or borders; very showy; produces large, erect spikes of pea-shaped flowers. They like partial shade and are valuable for cutting. Dark Blue, Rose, Sky Blue, White, and Mixed. Each	. 10
Blue, Rose, White, Rose and Pink, or Mixed	. 10
MARIGOLD. A popular hardy annual of vigorous growth, producing a magnificent display of yellow, orange and maroon flowers. Giant African Varieties. Grows about 2 to 3 feet.	
Orange Prince. A splendid very double rich orange sort	.10
Lemon Queen. Another fine new variety; clear lemon-yellow	. 10 . 10
French Varieties (Dwarf). Grows from 6 to 12 inches.	,
Legion of Honor. A dwarf single variety. Blooms early and until late in the fall. Flowers rich golden yellow, marked velvety brown	.10
Dwarf, Golden Striped. Velvety maroon, striped gold	. 10
Double French Marigold Mixed	. 10
season, of white, yellow, crimson and violet; some varieties combining two or more of these colors: 2 feet. Mixed colors	. 10
MATRICARIA Double White Feverfew H. H. P. Free flowering annuals blooming the entire season: fine for pots and borders	.10
MIGNONETTE. An old favorite of easy culture. Prized as much for forcing in winter as for the summer garden.	
Allen's Defiance. Very long spikes, very fragrant and fine for cuttingOz. \$0.75; ½ oz. \$0.35 Machet Improved. Golden yellow. An excellent variety for general uses½ oz. \$0.30 Sweet-scented (Reseda Odorata). The old variety, with small spikes, but very sweetly scented.	.10
MIMULUS H. A. Excellent for baskets or vases. Moschatus (Musk Plant). Small yellow flowers, musk-scented	. 10 . 10
Tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Dwarf bushy plants with large gloxinia-like flowers handsomely blotched and striped. Does best in partial shade	. 10
MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not) H. H. A. Small, star-like flowers, borne on terminal racemes. Excellent for borders and flowering extremely early. Seed should be sown in August and young plants wintered in cold frames.	
Ruth Fischer. True forget-me-not blue. Fine for cutting and for hanging baskets. Exceptionally fine for pot culture	. 15
Robusta Grandiflora. Sky-blue with yellow eye; fine for cutting	. 10 . 10
NASTURTIUMS H. A. A well known annual producing a profusion of flowers which are valuable for cutting.	
Tom Thumb, or Dwarf. Choice Mixed	. 10
Tall or climbing varieties. Choice Mixed	. 10
NICOTIANA H. A. Desirable plants of the tobacco family, valuable for their long duration and freedom of bloom.	•
Affinis. Flowers large, white, fragrant, and fully expanded in evening or cloudy days. 1/4 oz. \$0.35 Affinis Hybrids. Similar to affinis but with larger flowers in a great variety of colors. Blooms all summer	.10
NIGELLA H. A. (Love in a Mist, or Devil in a Bush). A compact, free-flowering plant, with finely cut foliage, curious flowers and seed pods. Height 1 foot.	
Damascena. Blue and white mixed	. 10 . 10

PANSY Ames Superlative Mixed. This is the very richest mixture of giant long-stemmed pansies, containing the choice t sorts grown by a foremost specialist; widest variation in one mixture, including new shades and ruffled types. To those wishing such, there is no better seed obtainable. ## 02. 84.00; ## 02. 84.00; ## 02. 82.00	Pkt. \$0.50
Mastarniaca A distinct type of extra large size having undulated notels, making it appear double	.15
Giant Madame Perret. A new mammoth strain, producing faultless flowers of rose, ruby and wine shades on white ground.	.25
Mixed colors	.15
Fine Mixed. Consisting of all colors, but not large flowered as aboveOz. \$2.50; ¼ oz. \$0.75 Collection of 6 Giant Trimardeau varieties, \$0.75.	.10
PETUNIA. The brilliancy and variety of its colors, combined with the duration of its blooming period, render it invaluable. The plants are of easy culture and thrive well in any good garden soil.	
Ruffled Fringed Giant (Nana Compacta). Bushy plants, 12 to 15 inches high, of compact growth, comprising all the desirable colors with ruffled and fringed edging	.35
California Giants. The flowers are very large and the colors embrace every conceivable shade of crimson, white, violet, lavender, etc	.25
Rosy Morn. Compact plants. Bright rosy pink, white throat, beautiful free bloomer. 1/3 oz. 80.75 Balcony. Splendid large-flowered type for window boxes or baskets.	.10
Purple, Rose or White. Each	.25
PHLOX. This splendid genus of plants is unrivaled for richness of color, profusion of blossoms, length of duration in bloom, and whether in clumps or masses, look equally beautiful.	
Grandiflora Splendid Mixed. Includes all of the shades and colorsOz. \$2.00; ½ oz. \$1.25 Collection of 6 distinct colors, \$0.50.	. 10
Dwarf Mixed. These are the best for ribbon bedding or borders. The plants grow very symmetrically in neat little bushes about 8 inches high; covered with flowers during the whole summer and fall	.10
PENTSTEMON H. P. Highly useful and attractive perennials in the hardy border. Sensation. A great variety of colors, including rose, red, carmine, cherry, pink, lilac, purple	.25
PHYSALIS Franchetti (Chinese Lantern Plant) H. P. Grows about 2 feet high, produces orange lantern-like flowers. Very useful for decorative purposes. May be had in flower the first year if sown early	.10
PHYSOSTEGIA Virginica H. P. A very pretty and useful plant for borders and cutting, growing about 3 feet high and bearing erect spikes of delicate pink tubular flowers	. 10
POPPIES H. A. and H. P. These make a gorgeous showing during flowering period and are largely used for beds and borders.	
Shirley Selected, Blue Shades, Deep Apricot, Orange Scarlet, Rose Pink, Salmon Pink,	. 10
Shirley Selected Mixture. Including many shades	. 10 . 10
Carnation Flowered. Splendid double-fringed flowers; mixed colors	.10
Peony Flowered. Large, showy, double globular flowers resembling a double peony; mixed colors. Oz. \$0.40	.10
Oriental Choicest Hybrids Mixed H. P	.20
The delicate form and bright colors make them especially desirable as a border plant. I foot.	. 15
PORTULACA. These brilliant and popular hardy annuals are of the easiest culture, luxuriant in an exposed sunny situation, and producing throughout the summer their various colored flowers in the greatest profusion.	
Single Mixed. All colors	. 10
Double Mixed. Producing a large percentage of double flowersOz. \$2.50; ¼ oz. \$0.75	. 10
PYRETHRUM P. Aureum is the well-known Golden Feather so much used for edging, carpet bedding, etc., while the others are most attractive hardy plants.	
Grandiflorum Aureum (Golden Feather). Bright yellow foliage	.10
yellow centers	. 15
PRIMULA (Chinese Primrose). A beautiful flowering plant for winter of spring decorations in the home or conservatory; $\frac{1}{32}$ oz. contains about 1,000 seeds.	
Giant Flowering Mixed. An extra choice free-flowering strain; flowers of largest size and beautifully fringed	. 50
PRIMULA Obconica Gigantea. A profuse bloomer, bearing long stems with heads of ten or twelve flowers.	
Rich Crimson, Pure Rose or All Colors Mixed. Each	.25
Lavender, Rose or White. Each	.25
RHODANTHE. Succeeds in a light, rich soil and a warm sheltered situation; valuable for pot culture; flowers everlasting.	
Mixed Colors, 1 foot	.10

RICINUS (Castor Oil Plant) H. H. A. Grows very quickly from seed and attains gigantic proportions. Foliage very ornamental.	Pkt.
Borboniensis Arboreus. Height 15 feet. Immense green foliageOz. \$0.25	\$0.10
Cambodgensis. Height 6 to 8 feet. Deep maroon, stalk nearly black	.10
Crimson Spire. A new and very effective variety with bronzy green foliage and brilliant rosy crimson seed spike; 6 feet	
crimson seed spike; 6 feet	. 10
Zanzibariensis. A mixture of light and dark green leaves; also coppery bronze and redOz. \$0.25	. 10
SALPIGLOSSIS H. H. A. A very attractive annual. The blossoms are not unlike the petunia but very much more beautiful in color. Each flower is veined with gold and is known as the Orchid of the Hardy Annuals.	
Crimson, Primrose, Purple and Gold, Rose and Gold, Scarlet and Gold, White and Gold or Mixed Colors. Each	. 10
or Mixed Colors. Each	
Crimson, Lavender, Blue, Flesh Pink, Purple, Rose, White or Mixed. Each1/4 oz. \$0.30	.10
Caucasica H. P. Flower of silvery lavender blooming all summer	. 15
SALVIA H. A. One of the finest of all blooming plants, covered with a mass of bright flowers from summer until killed by frost. Seed should be sown indoors about April 1st and transplanted to the open ground in May. Seed may also be sown in the open ground after the middle of May.	
America, or Globe of Fire. The most uniform in growth and continuous bloomer. Height 11/2 feet	.20
Bonfire. Dwarf, compact variety, growing about 2 feet high, with brilliant scarlet spikes.	
Zurich. Brilliant scarlet, free flowering, early bloomer. Height 2 feet	.20
Zurich. Brilliant scarlet, free flowering, early bloomer. Height 2 feet	.25
SCARLET RUNNER BEANS (Flowering). Popular ornamental climbers, with edible pods of delicious	
SCARLET RUNNER BEANS (Flowering). Popular ornamental climbers, with edible pods of delicious flavor; 6 to 8 feet	.10
Garaway's Hybrids. Extra select greenhouse strain, handsomely marked, large flowering on white, buff or purple ground	.25
Wisetonensis. A variety of rose and amber shades, excellent for potting or outdoor	.25
STOCKS Large Flowering Ten Weeks. A very superior strain of this early flowering class having a high percentage of double flowering plants; excellent for bedding; will continue flowering for a long period.	
Blood Red, Bright Pink, Canary Yellow, Light Blue, Purple, White or Choice Mixed Colors. Each	. 10
STOCKS, Cut and Come Again. A splendid perpetual blooming type. Sown in March or April will flower in July, continuing till frost, and are especially valuable during September and October, when other flowers are scarce; they throw out numerous side branches, all bearing very double, fragrant flowers.	
Blood Red, Creamy Yellow, Lilac, Rose, Violet, White or Mixed. Each	. 15
STOCKS, Large Flowering Nice. Excellent new sorts of vigorous growth, 2 to 2½ feet in height; free flowering, fragrant and equally valuable for florists' winter or summer growing.	
Crimson, Flesh Pink, Canary Yellow, Deep Blue, Rosy Lilac, White and Choicest Mixed.	.10
GIANT SPENCER OR ORCHID-FLOWERED SWEET PEA	s

SWEET PEAS. Culture. — Ordinary good garden soil is suitable for sweet peas. The ground should be well drained to avoid water lying too long and becoming sour.

Soil prepared as for vegetables produces fair results, but a little more care will repay the planter. It is well to cultivate and prepare the ground in the fall, supplying at this time a good amount of stable manure and bone meal.

Select for a location in your garden a place open and airy and which receives the sun all day.

Seed should be sown in trenches about 4 inches deep and covered to a depth of 2 inches, still allowing the centre of the trench to remain at least 2 inches below the level of the ground, that water may be retained.

In case of dry weather, constant watering is necessary and a mulch of lawn clippings will keep the roots cool.

When the vines are up about 6 inches high, staking with brush or trellis should be attended to at once. One ounce of seed is sufficient to plant 20 feet of drill.

To obtain the best results, the seeds should be inoculated with Farmogerm which will prolong their blooming period and at the same time produce an abundance of larger and better blooms on longer stems.

The twelve sorts described below, each one of which is a leader in its respective color, and sure to give entire satisfaction.

Blanche Ferry, Red and White Dobbie's Cream, Cream Elfrida Pearson, Pink Florence Nightingale, Lavender Hercules, Rose King Mauve, Mauve

Margaret Atlee, Cream Pink Royal Purple, Purple Royal Scott, Cerise The Cardinal, Scarlet Wedgewood, Blue

King White, White

AMES ORCHID-FLOWERED SWEET PEAS IN MIXTURE. This mixture is made from a formula that has been perfected after years of experiment and is a wonderful blend of only the best and brightest Spencers. The mixture contains all the worth-while Novelties of recent years.

Lb. \$2.75; ½ lb. \$0.75; 02.80.25

.10

.10

SWEET PEAS — Continued		
EARLY FLOWERING OR INDOOR SWEET PEAS. Our list Peas include the choicest strain of the newer varieties. ' four weeks earlier than the Summer Flowering type and a greenhouse and for early flowering outdoors.	of Early or Winter Flowering Sweet This type will bloom in from three to re particularly adapted for growing in	
	nony, Lavender	
	Kerr, Salmon	
	Charm, Bright Rose	
	Dore, Rose Pink, Suffused Orange	
	Blue, Mid Blue	
		kt.
Price any of the above		
Collection of a packet each of the above 12 choice varieties, \$		10
EARLY FLOWERING ORCHID MIXED, A SPLENDID MIX		
	1/4 lb. \$3.00; oz. \$1.00 .	15
SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus) H. P. Attractive, free- a splendid effect in beds and borders with their rich an Newport Pink. Strikingly brilliant and beautiful; the flower	s are borne in massive heads on stems	
18 inches high		10
Scarlet Beauty. A very effective, rich deep scarlet variety; a		20
Single Mixed. Large flowers of many beautiful colors and ma	arking 3	10
Double Finest Mixed	½ oz. \$0.35	10
THUNBERGIA H. A. Charming climbing annuals of rapid growth baskets and vases. Blooms from July to October. Heigh	it 5 feet.	
Finest Mixed. Flowers white, yellow, orange with black eye.		10
VERBENA H. A. Their brilliant coloring makes them almost indi flower. Their clusters of showy flowers bloom continuousl frosts.	ispensable in the garden. A good cut ly from June until long after the early	
Monster Flowering Varieties.		
Blue Shades, Pink and Roses, Purple, Scarlet, Striped,	Oz. \$3.50; ¼ oz. \$1.00 .	10
VALERIANA (Garden Heliotrope). An old-fashioned garden pererose and white. Rubra mixed	½ oz. \$0.25	10
VINCA (Periwinkle) H. H. P. Attractive, bushy bedding plant wh seed sown in February or March indoors. Excellent for co are put in water.	ich flowers profusely all summer from utting; the buds open soon after they	
Rose, White Crimson Eye, Pure White or Mixed. Each WALLFLOWER. A well-known plant of the gillyflower family, p flowers in the spring, if protected in the house during the		10
Paris Extra Early, Mixed. Will flower through the summer i		10
Single Mixed. All colors		10
Double-Flowering, Finest Mixed		15
WILD GARDEN FLOWER SEEDS. Under the heading we offe growing kinds that can be sown broadcast, and with little in places that would otherwise be nothing but a collectio an abundance of flowers for cutting.	er a mixture of the easiest and surest or no care will produce a bright effect	
Dwarf Sorts. Growing from 12 to 18 inches		20
Tall Sorts. Growing from 18 to 36 inches high		20
WILD CUCUMBER VINE. One of the quickest growing annual vi trellises, old trees, fences, etc	nes we know of; splendid for coveringOz. \$0.40	10
XERANTHEMUM (Immortelle). One of the best of the everlastin including purple, light rose and white; very showy in the bouquets. Height 3 feet.	g flowers. A choice mixture of colors, garden, and can be dried for winter	
ZINNIA (New Giant type). Annual of greatly improved size, beau and superb color; continues in bloom a long time; ver	uty and brilliancy; of branching habit y effective in beds, groups or mixed	
borders. Half-hardy annual. Crimson, Deep Rose, Flesh Color, Golden Orange, Prim. and Mixed. Each	rose Yellow, Pure White, Salmon	15
Collection of a packet each of the above 7 colors, \$0.75.		
NEW DOUBLE DAHLIA-FLOWERED ZINNIAS. This type, bears flowers of mammoth size and in form like a perfect d	, the latest development in zinnias, lecorative dahlia.	
Canary Yellow, Crimson Scarlet, Fiery Scarlet, Old Ro Gold, and Choicest Mixed. Each		25
or a Collection of each of the 6 varieties, \$1.25. ZINNIA IMPROVED LARGE-FLOWERING DWARF DOUBLE bedding. The salmon rose variety is especially effective an	This we consider the best zinnia for nd is largely used in the finest gardens	
in the country.	Call Waller Calm B	
Bright Scarlet, Canary Yellow, Dark Scarlet, Fireball, Choice Mixed. Each	Joiden Yellow, Salmon Rose, and	10
OARDEN ROA	OV.C	

GARDEN BOOKS

A Little Book of Annuals, \$1.10 A Little Book of Perennials, \$1.10 A Little Book of Climbing Plants, \$1.35 Garden Guide, \$1.10 Milady's House Plants, 75c.

Practical Landscape Gardening, \$2.65

Success with Mushrooms, 15c.

Cultural Directions for Growing Plants and Flowers, 15c.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS AND ROOTS

Twenty-five Super-Superb Gladiolus

TWENTY-FIVE SUPER-SUPERB GLADIOLUS. This set is made up of varieties noted for their strong, free growth, free flowering qualities, purity of color and their ability to produce satisfactory results in our climate even under the most ordinary conditions; and whether wanted for show in the garden or for cutting, the sorts offered under this head are leaders in their respective colors, and are offered at prices so reasonable considering their high grade, that they should be planted in quantity wherever summer flowers are wanted.

considering their high grade, that they should be planted in q			
Each Doz. 100		Each Doz.	100
America. Soft lavender-pink \$0.50 \$3.50 Mrs. Fr	ank Pendelton. Pink		@# FO
With The 11/11 CO 17 1 70 10 00	dark carmine blotch { itt. Deep brilliant wine	\$0.15 \$1.00	\$7.50
14119, 112	Deep billiant wife	.10 1.00	7.50
Evelyn Kirtland. A fine rose pink .15 1.50 10.00 Myrtle.	Shell pink	.20 1.75	12.00
	Cream, carmine throat	.10 1.00	7.50
1 1 1 0 0 0 00	Beautiful pale pink	.10 1.00	7.50
Haller Direct almost state 10 75 5 00	arge white, very large	.10 1.00	7.00
III I D	fection. Shell pink, large f Wales. Orange, very	.20 2.00	12.00
Time 0	wates. Orange, very	.15 1.15	8.00
Le Marechal Foch. Pink, very Princeps.	. Large, scarlet, white		
	h	.15 1.50	10.00
	n. Canary yellow ep red of brilliant color	.10 1.00 $.15 1.25$	$7.50 \\ 8.00$
yellow blotch in throat15 1.50 10.00 Wilbrink	_	.13 1.23	8.00
· _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	h	.10 1.00	7.50
AMES EXHIBITION MIXTURE. In selecting the varieties for the colors and color combinations of the wonderful gladioli family.	nis mixture our aim has be Doz., 80c.; 100, \$6.00; 1,0	en to include 00, \$55.00.	many
SPECIAL MIXTURE of all good varieties in large size bulbs. Doz., 6	80c.; 100, \$3.50; 1,000, \$32	2.00.	ıch
BEGONIA Tuberous Rooted. Indispensable for shady places; flower Crimson, Pink, Orange, Salmon, White, Yellow or Mixed	s freely during the whole surdoz. \$3.00; 100 \$	mmer.	.30
CALADIUM (Elephant's Ear). Ornamental foliage plants, leaves at			
Mammoth Bulbs			.25
Jumbo Bulbs.			.40
CALLAS Elliottiana. Flowers are large, rich, dark golden yellow. Fol		\$5.00	.50
CINNAMON VINES. Hardy climber with bright glossy green folia	doz. \$1.50; 100	\$7.50	. 10
HYACINTH CANDICANS (Summer Hyacinth). Erect spikes of	pure white flowers; 3 fee doz. 1.50 ; 100		. 15
ISMENE CALATHINA. Large white flowers in the form of an amarylli			.50
MADEIRA VINES. Rapid growing, vine bearing, fragrant, white f		\$7.50	. 10
MONTBRETIAS. One of the brightest summer flowering bulbs. Al	doz. \$0.85; 100	\$6.00	.10
TUBEROSES The Pearl. Double white. Large flowering and valual	ble for cutting. doz. \$1.00; 100	\$7.50	. 10
HARDY LILIES. These are very effective whether planted singly or Auratum. White flowers marked with a wide gold band	in group.		. 60
Auratum. White flowers marked with a wide gold band Canadense. Colors vary from reddish orange to yellow			.15
Henryi. Flowers deep orange with brown spots		-	.75
Regale. White, slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful shade	of canary yellow at the cer	nter.	
	doz. \$.00
Speciosum Album. Large pure white			.60
Speciosum Magnificum. Rich crimson			. 60 . 60
Superbum. Orange red			.25
Tigrinum Splendens (Tiger Lily). Fiery scarlet flowers, spotted by			.25
,			
Dahlias - in Coll	lections		
6 Named Dahlias, all different		\$1	.00
12 Named Dahlias, all different			.00
12 Superb Cactus Dahlias, all different			.00
15 Hybrid Show or Colossal Dahlias, all different			.00
13 Peony Flowered Dahlias, all different.			.00
5 New and Rare Cactus Dahlias, all different			.00 .00
		12	

AMES' SELECT HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

Each

	Each
ACHILLEA "The Pearl." 2 feet Double, pure white flowers; fine for cutting; June to October doz. \$2.50	\$0,.30
ACONITUM Napellus. 3½ feet. Rich blue flowers from June to September doz. \$3.25	.30
AGROSTEMMA Coronaria. 2 feet. Rose crimson flowers, silvery foliage. June to Augustdoz. \$3.00	.30
ALYSSUM Saxatile Compactum. 1 foot. Yellow; valuable for rockwork and edgings. April,	
June	.30
ANCHUSA Italica Dropmore Variety, 3 to 4 feet. Gentian-blue flowers blooming the entire season.	
doz. \$3.00	.30
ANEMONE Japonica. 2 to 3 feet. Superb large white flower. Grand for cutting. September to	
November	.30
Queen Charlotte. 2 feet . Large semi-double rose-pink flowers. Septemberdoz. \$2.50	.30
ANTHEMIS Tinctoria. 2 to 3 feet. Flowers bright yellow. Excellent for cutting. June, October	
doz. \$3.00	.30
AQUILEGIA Long Spurred Hybrid. Mixed. 2 to 3 feet. A beautiful strain. May, Junedoz. \$2.50	.30
ARABIS Alpina. 6 inches. Pure white flowers; suitable for rockeries or edging. April, May. doz. \$2.50	.30
ARMERIA Formosa. 9 inches. Pretty rose-pink. Grand for borders. June, Septemberdoz. \$2.50	.30
ARTEMESIA Lactiflora. 4 feet. Elegant spike of pure white flowers. August, Septemberdoz. \$3.00	.30
ASCLEPIAS Tuberosa. 2½ feet. Umbels of bright orange colored flowers. June, Julydoz. \$2.50	30
ASTERS Michaelmas Daisies. 4 to 6 feet. Most showy fall flowers. Mixed colors. September,	90
October	20
	. 30
BOLTONIA Asteroides. Aster-like white flowers valuable for cutting. August, Septemberdoz. \$2.50	.30
CAMPANULA Medium (Canterbury Bells). 2-3 feet. Large bells in panicles.	
Single Blue, Pink, White or Mixed. Junedoz. \$2.50	.30
Medium Calycanthema (Cup and Saucer). 3 feet. Canterbury Bell. Large semi-double flowers.	
Blue, Pink, White or Mixed. Junedoz. \$2.50	.30
Persicifolia. 2 feet. Flowers Pale blue. Prized for cutting. June, Augustdoz. \$2.50	.30
CENTAUREA Montana. 2 feet. Large blue flowers; invaluable for cutting. July, September.	
doz. \$3.00	.30
CHELONE Lyonii. 2 feet. Snapdragon-like flower; deep red. August, Septemberdoz. \$3.00	.30
CHRYSANTHEMUM. 2 to 21/2 feet. Produce an effective display long after other flowers are destroyed	
by frost. September, November.	
Collection of 6 varieties. Our selection	1.75
Collection of 12 varieties. Our selection	3.00
COREOPSIS Lanceolata. 2½ feet. Flowers a rich golden yellow; fine for cutting. June to frost.	.30
doz. \$2.50 DELPHINIUM Belladonna. 3 feet. The most beautiful sky-blue larkspur of dwarf habit; blooming	.50
all summer	.30
Bellomosum. Finest dark blue doz. \$2.50	.30
Chinensis. 2 feet. Feathery foliage and deep gentian-blue flowers	.30
Choice Mixed Hybrids. From seed of famous named sorts	.30
DICTAMNUS Fraxinella. 2½ feet. Rosy crimson flowers with rich durable foliage. May, June.	.00
doz. \$5.00	.50
DIELYTRA or DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart). 2½ feet. Purple and red flowers in drooping spikes.	
May, Junedoz. \$6.00	. 60
DIANTHUS (Hardy Pink). 1 foot. Bearing sweet-scented flowers the entire summerdoz. \$2.50	. 30
DIGITALIS (Foxgloves). 4 to 5 feet. Showy plant, producing long spikes, furnished with large flowers.	
doz. \$2.50	. 30
FUNKIA Media Picta. 1 to 2 feet. Variegated leaf, used extensively as a border plantdoz. \$4.00	.35
Subcordata. 1½ to 3 feet. Old fashioned day lily. Waxy-white flowers. July, September 20	.35 -
doz. \$4.00	.55
GAILLARDIA Grandiflora. 2 feet. Center dark red-brown, petals crimson-orange and vermilion. June to Novemberdoz. \$2.50	.30
GYPSOPHILA Paniculata. 2 feet. Desirable where a mass of delicate misty bloom will fill in a bare	
place	.30
HELIANTHUS Multiflorus. (Double Hardy Sunflower). 4 feet. Double dablia-like golden-vellow	
flower. July and August	. 30
HELENIUM Autumnale Superbum. 5 to 6 feet. Broad heads of deep golden-yellow flowers. August	.30
to October	.30
Riverton Gem. 2 to 3 feet. Old gold, suffused with bright terra cotta. August to October.	.00
doz. \$3.00	.30
HEMEROCALLIS Flava. 2½ feet. (Lemon Lily). Sweet-scented, clear, full, yellow. June doz. \$2.50	.30
Fulva. Much like Flava but flowers in July	.30
HEUCHERA. 1½ to 2 feet. Tufts of heart-shaped leaves bearing small bell-shaped flowers in panicles.	
June, July	.30
HIBISCUS Crimson Eye. 4 to 6 feet. Flowers large, pure white with crimson spot. July and August.	90
doz. \$2.50	. 30

PERENNIAL PLANTS - Continued	
HOLLYHOCKS Double. 5 to 6 feet. Camelia-like flowers of most lovely shades of color.	Each
Pink, Maroon, Red, White, Yellow or Mixed	\$0.30 .30
IBERIS Sempervirens. 1 foot. Innumerable flat heads of pure white flowers. May and June.doz. \$2.50	.30
IRIS German. 18 inches. One of the most popular hardy spring flowering plants. Assorted colors.	20
May	.30 .35
LAVENDULA Vera. 18 inches. Silvery foliage and spikes of blue, sweet-smelling flowers. July,	
August	.30
LIATRIS Pycnostachya. 4 to 5 feet. Flower heads pale purple in dense cylindrical spike. July, September	. 30
LOBELIA Cardinalis. 3 feet. Flowers vivid crimson. August to Octoberdoz. \$2.50	.30
LUPINUS. 2 to 3 feet. Pea-shaped flowers on long spikes. June, September. Blue or White	.30
LYCHNIS Chalcedonica. 3 feet. Dense heads of brick-red flowers. June to Septemberdoz. \$3.00	.30
Viscaria Splendens. 1½ feet. Bright rose flowers in spikes. May to Julydoz. \$3.00	. 30
MONARDA Didyma. 3 feet. Handsome rose flowers and aromatic foliage. June to September. doz. \$2.50	.30
MYOSOTIS Palustris Semperflorens (Forget-Me-Not). Hardly ever out of flowerdoz. \$3.00	.30
PEONIES Double. Strong roots containing three or more eyes. Collection of 6 distinct named varieties; our selection	4.50
Collection of 12 distinct named varieties; our selection.	8.50
Collection of 24 distinct named varieties; our selection	15.00
PENSTEMON Barbatus Torreyii. 4 ft. Flowers deep scarlet-red, in spikes. July to September	.30
PHLOX Decussata. Without doubt the most important of all hardy perennials. Flowering from June	.00
until fall. Collection of 6 named varieties; our selection	1.50
Collection of 12 named varieties; our selection.	2.50
Collection of 24 named varieties; our selection	5.00
PHLOX Subulata (Moss Pink). Blooms profusely in the spring. White or Purplish-rosedoz. \$2.50	.30
PHYSOSTEGIA. 3 to 5 feet. Showy spikes of bell-shaped flowers. Soft Pink or White	.30
PLATYCODON. 2 feet. Large bell-shaped flowers or balloon flower. Blue or White. July, Octoberdoz. \$2.50	.30
POPPY. Oriental 3 feet. Bright scarlet flowers with black blocked at the base. Junedoz. \$2.50	.30
Iceland. Mixed. 1 foot. Exquisite for edging and borders. Blooms very profusely. June to October	.30
PYRETHRUM Hybridum Mixed. 2 feet. Showy flowers of great value for cutting. June, July doz. \$2.50	.30
RUDBECKIA Golden Glow. 6 feet. Large double golden-yellow, cactus-like flowers. July to Sep-	
tember	.30
to Septemberdoz. \$2.50	.30
SEDUM Spectabilis. Brilliant. 18 inches. Showy flat heads of amaranth-reddoz. \$3.00 SPIREA Filipendula. 2 feet. Numerous corymbs of white flowers on stems 15 inches long. Foliage	.30
fern-like. June, July	.30
SHASTA DAISIES. 18 inches. Large snowy-white flowers. Free blooming all summerdoz. \$2.50	.30
SWEET WILLIAM. 1 to 1½ feet. Old garden favorite. Sweet smelling and showy flowers. Mixed colors. June, July	.30
STOKESIA Cyanea. 2 feet. Blue-flowered plant, excellent for cutting purposes. July, October. doz. \$2.50	. 30
TRITOMAS Pfitzeriana. 4 feet. Large, fiery-red drooping flowers. August to Novemberdoz. \$2.50	.30
TROLLIUS Europaeus. 1½ feet. Large, bright yellow, globular flowers. June to September.	.30
VALERIANA (Hardy Garden Heliotrope). 4 feet. Rose-tinted white flowers with strong heliotrope color. doz. \$3.50	.35
VERONICA Subsessilis. 2 feet. Handsome blue-flowered plant. Fine for cutting. July to October. doz. \$3.00	.30
VIOLAS Tufted Pansies. 6 inches. Profuse bloomers from April to frost. Assorted colorsdoz. \$3.00	.30

Hedge Plants

BERBERIS Thunbergii. For a low dwarf deciduous hedge nothing equals this beautiful barberry. Requires but little pruning to keep it in shape. The leaves are small, light green and towards fall assume rich, brilliant colors, the fruit or berries becoming scarlet. (Plant 12 inches apart). 12 to 18 in., doz., \$3.00; 100, \$18.00. 18 to 24 in., doz., \$4.00; 100, \$30.00. 24 to 30 in., doz., \$6.00; 100, \$40.00.

PRIVET Californian. Foliage rich, dark green remaining on the plant until midwinter. It is of free growth and succeeds under the most adverse conditions such as under shade of trees. (Plant 12 inches apart). 18 to 24 in., doz., \$1.75; 100, \$10.00. 24 to 36 in., doz., \$2.00; 100, \$12.00. 36 to 48 in., doz., \$2.50; 100, \$16.00.

PRIVET Chinese (L. Ibota). Used extensively on account of its hardiness and indifference to abuse. Thrives better in shade than many of the shrubs; excellent hedge plant. Leaves dark green and lustrous. 18 to 24 in., doz., \$3.00; 100, \$15.00. 24 to 36 in., doz., \$3.50; 100, \$20.00.

PRIVET Armour River (L. Amurense). A very hardy, upright growing variety. 18 to 24 in., doz., \$2.00; 100, \$15.00. 24 to 36 in., doz., \$3.00; 100, \$20.00.

HARDY CLIMBING VINES

	Each
ACTINIDIA Arguta. Strong growing vine with dark green, lustrous, heart-shaped leaves. Flowers white with dark purple anthers	\$.0.75
AMPELOPSIS Quinquefolia (Virginia Creepers). A high climbing vine, with bright green leaves fading in autumn with gorgeous tones of red and scarletdoz. \$6.00	. 60
AMPELOPSIS Engelmanii. An improved variety of the above but stronger and more robust, having larger leaves	.75
AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Boston Ivy). A graceful vine, closely clinging to walls. Leaves glossy green, coloring brilliantly in autumn	.75
ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). Hardy vine producing a splendid shade. Leaves very broad and large; bright green	1.50
CELASTRUS Scandens (Bitter sweet). A native climbing vine	.60
CLEMATIS Paniculata. Flowers white and fragrant	1.00
CLEMATIS Jackmanii. Velvety purple. Free flowering. The most popular varietydoz. \$12.00	1.25
CLEMATIS Henryi. White clematis. Mad. Ed. Andre. Red doz. \$12.00	1.25
HONEYSUCKLE Halliana. Flowers white changing to yellow; deliciously fragrantdoz, \$6.00	.60
HONEYSUCKLE Sempervirens. Flowers scarlet, 2 inches long; profuse and very showy; followed by scarlet berries	.75
WISTARIA Sinensis (Chinese Wistaria). Flowers pea-shaped, purplish, profusely borne in drooping clusters 7 to 12 inches longdoz. \$7.50	.75

AMES' HARDY ROSES

HYBRID TEA ROSES. Each, 90c.; doz., \$9.00; 100, \$65.00. Pot grown (after May 1st). Each, \$1.25; doz., \$12.50.

Betty. Coppery-rose shading to yellow. Columbia. Glowing pink.

Gruss and Teplitz. Bright crimson. Jonkeer J. L. Mock. Carmine and pink. Kaiserin Augusta. Victoria cream.

Killarney. Delicate pink.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES. Each 85c.; doz. \$9.00.; 100 \$65.00.

Alfred Colomb. Rich crimson. Anna de Diesbach. Brilliant carmine.

Clio. Flesh color.

Frau Karl Druski. Pure white. Hugh Dickson. Crimson shaded scarlet.

Magna Charta. Clear pink.

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES. Each 75c.; doz. \$7.50.

Potted Plants (after May 1), \$1.25 each.

American Pillar. Single; rosy pink. Crimson Rambler. Double: deep crimson.

Dorothy Perkins. Double; shell pink.

Killarney White. Pure white. Lady Alice Stanley. Coral rose. Los Angeles. Flame pink. Radiance. Soft carmine pink. Sunburst. Orange, copper and golden yellow. Ophelia. Salmon-flesh shading to rose.

Mrs. John Laing. Shell pink. Mrs. S. Crawford. Deep rose-pink. Paul Neyron. Deep rose.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Crimson maroon.

Ulrich Brunner. Cherry red.

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant crimson color.

Hiawatha. Single; crimson. Paul's Scarlet. Vivid scarlet. Silver Moon. Pure white.

VEGETABLE PLANTS AND ROOTS

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

ASPARAGUS ROOTS. Palmetto, Reading Giant. 100, \$1.75; 1,000, \$15.00.

Martha Washington. Selected native grown; 2-year old. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$2.50; 1,000, \$18.00.

CABBAGE PLANTS. Copenhagen Market. Doz., 30c.; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$18.00. Stone Mason.

Danish Roundhead, Globe Curled Savoy. Doz., 20c.; 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$8.00.

CAULIFLOWER PLANTS. Extra Early Erfurt, Sea Foam, Early Snowball. Doz., 30c.; 100, \$2.00; 1,000, \$15.00.

CELERY PLANTS. Easy Blanching, Giant Paschal. Doz., 20c.; 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$8.00.

CHIVES. For flavoring. Per bunch, 25c.; doz., \$2.50.

EGG PLANTS. New York Improved. Pot grown. Doz., \$1.25; 100, \$9.00.

HORSE RADISH SETS. Maliner Kren. Recommended for the home garden. Doz., 30c.; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.00.

LETTUCE PLANTS. Black Seeded Tennisball. Doz., 20c.; 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$8.00.

PEPPER PLANTS. Large Bell, Squash. Doz., 30c.; 100, \$2.00; 1,000, \$15.00.

RHUBARB ROOTS. Each, 25c.; doz., \$2.50.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS. Nansemond. Doz., 30c.; 100, \$1.25; 1,000, \$10.00.

TOMATO PLANTS. Dwarf Stone, Chalk's Early Jewel, Dwarf Champion and Bonny Best. Doz., 50c.; 100, \$3.00; Pot grown, 80c. per doz.

FLOWERING ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

	15acn
ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon). Handsome double flowers of red, white and purple. September	$$0.75 \\ 2.50$
Mollis. Large flowering dwarf variety; 18 to 24 inches. June	2.50
Nudiflora. Deep pink, fragrant flowers in May	2.50
BERBERIS Thunbergii. Beautiful tinted foliage in autumn	.60
BUTTERFLY BUSH (Buddleia). Flowers intense violet purple. August, September	.60
CALYCANTHUS (Allspice). Flowers chocolate-colored, pineapple-scented. June, September	. 75
DEUTZIA Crenata. Showy white tinged pink flowers. June	. 60
Gracilis. Round dense bush covered with snow-white flowers. June	. 60
Lemoinei. Erect panicles of pure white flowers. June	. 60
Pride of Rochester. Tall growing variety with pinkish white flowers	.60
DOGWOOD Red Bark. Flowers white with bright blood-red branches	.60
Cornelian Cherry. Yellow flowers in spring and scarlet fruit in the fall	.60
Variegated Leaves. Broadly margined with white, contrasting with its deep red bark	.75
EUONYMUS Alatus (Burning Bush). Leaves bright green in summer changing to gorgeous crimson and red in autumn	.75
EXOCHORDA Grandiflora (Pearl Bush). Chinese shrub with clusters of pure white, starry flowers	.75
FORSYTHIA Fortunei (Golden Bell). Pendulous trumpet-shaped, yellow flowers. April	.60
Suspensa. Similar to Fortunei but of a drooping habit	.60
GARLAND FLOWERS (Daphne). Evergreen foliage bearing clusters of pink flowers in May and June	.00
and again in late summer	1.50
HONEYSUCKLE Japanese Bush (L. Marrowi). White flowers followed by bright red fruits. All	
summer	.60
Tartarian. Bears a profusion of sweet scented pink flowers in June	. 60
Tartarian Alba. Similar to the preceding but with large, pure white flowers	.60
HYDRANGEA Arborescens (Grandiflora). Large snow-white blooms from June to August	. 75
Paniculata Grandiflora. Flowers are borne in dense panicles, pure white and turning later to shades of pink and red. July to October	.75
Tree Form of the preceding, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00; 4 to 5 feet.	2.00
JAPANESE QUINCE (Cydonia). Large, deep scarlet flowers followed by large fruit	.60
KERRIA Japonica (Corchorus). Brilliant, double, orange-yellow flowers. June and July	1.00
LILAC Common Purple or White. 3 to 4 feet.	.75
Belle de Nancy. Bright satiny rose-pink double flowers. 3 to 4 feet	1.25
Chas. X. Magnificent clusters of dark red flowers in great profusion. 3 to 4 feet	1.25
Marie Legreye. One of the most popular white variety. 3 to 4 feet	1.25
Mme. Lemoine. The finest double white; fine for cutting. 3 to 4 feet	1.25
Michael Buchner. Large flowers of clear lilac-purple. 3 to 4 feet	1.25
Souvenir de L. Spaeth. Very large and of a splendid dark purple-red. 3 to 4 feet	1.25
MOCK ORANGE (Philadelphus). Pure white fragrant flowers. June	. 60
Golden. One of the best golden foliage shrubs. June	. 60
Large Flowered Mock Orange. Vigorous upright variety, with large showy flowers	. 60
MOUNTAIN LAUREL (Kalmia). Glossy evergreen foliage. Pink and white flowers. 18 to 24 inches,	
June	3.00
RHODODENDRONS Hardiest Hybrids. These come in various colors	5.00
Catawbiense. A native variety; handsome foliage; flowers deep rose\$2.50 to	4.00
Maximum. Excellent for shady situations; flowers white and pink\$2.00 to	3.50
RHODOTYPOS Kerriodes. (White Kerria). Flowers white. May	. 60
SAMBUCUS (Golden Elder). Large golden-leaved shrub	. 60
SIBERIAN PEA TREE (Caragana). Bright yellow flowers in May. 5 to 6 feet	1.75
SWEET PEPPER BUSH (Clethra). Upright spikes of fragrant white flowers. July to September	. 60
SYMPHORICARPUS (Snowberry). Pink flowers with large white berries	.60
SPIRAEA Anthony Waterer. Flowers scarlet-crimson, blooming all summer	. 60
Bridal Wreath. Double pure-white. May	. 60
Golden. One of he best of our golden-yellow leaved shrubs	. 60
Van Houttei. Grace ul round form covered with pure white flowers. June	. 60
VIBURNUM Opulus. Sterilis (Common Snowball). Large pendant balls, snow-white. May	. 60
High-bush Cranberry. White flowers in May and bright scarlet berries into late winter	.60
Japan Snowball. Globular heads of pure white flowers in June	1.00
WEIGELIA Candida. Tubular white flowers. All summer	. 60
Eva Rathke. Large, deep crimson flowers from June to frost	. 60
Rosea. Fine rose-colored variety; good foliage. June	. 60
Rosea Variegata. Variegated leaves; flowers pale pink	. 60

EVERGREENS

ARBORVITAE American (T. Occidentalis). Light green foliage, very ornamental. Useful for hedges. 2 to 3 feet, \$2.25 each.

Geo. Peabody Arborvitae (T. Occidentalis Aurea). Golden foliage. 1½ to 2 feet, \$2.00 each.
Globe Arborvitae (T. Occidentalis Globosa). Very dwarf and compact. 15 to 18 inches, \$2.75 each.
Pyramidal Arborvitae (T. Occidentalis Pyramidalis). Lustrous green color all winter. 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 each.
Siberian Arborvitae (T. Occidentalis Wareana). Dark green color all winter. 2 feet, \$3.00 each.

FIR Nikko or Japanese (Abies). Very hardy. 2 to 3 feet, \$4.00 each.
Silver or White Fir (Abies). Long, broad, silvery green foliage. 2½ to 3 feet, \$5.00 each.

HEMLOCK (T. Canadensis). A graceful, hardy tree with rich green foliage. 2 to 2½ feet, \$3.00 each.

JUNIPER Chinese. Silvery green scale-like foliage. 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 each.

Greek Juniper (Excelsa Striata). Dwarf variety with steel-blue pointed leaves.

Red Cedar (J. Virgiana). Bright rich green foliage. 2 to 3 feet, \$5.20 each.

Savin Juniper (J. Sabina). Deep green color, valuable for hillside, etc. 15 to 18 inches, \$2.50 each.

PINE Austrian (P. Nigra Austriaca). Dark green, stiff needles. Good for seashore planting. 2 to 3 feet. \$4.00 each

Dwarf Mountain Pine (P. Montana Mughus). Valuable for steep banks or in exposed locations. Foliage deep green. 15 to 18 inches, \$3.00 each.

Red Pine (P. Resinosa). Lustrous green needles. 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00 each.

Scotch Pine (P. Sylvestris). Stiff bluish-green needles. Splendid for seashore. 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 each.

White Pine (P. Strobus). Light silvery foliage. 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50 each.

RETINOSPORA Filifera. Thread-like branches of a consistent green. 18 to 24 inches, \$3.50 each. Plumosa (Plume-like Cypress). Dark green, tufted, needle-like foliage. 1½ to 2 feet, \$2.50 each. Plumosa Aurea. Brilliantly golden throughout the season. 1½ to 2 feet, \$2.50 each.

SPRUCE Colorado (P. Pungens). Sharp, stiff needles; rich, dark green. 2 to 3 feet, \$4.00 each. Colorado Blue Spruce (P. Pungens Glauca). Foliage exceedingly rich silvery-blue. 2 to 2 Norway Spruce (P. Excelsa). Hardy, graceful and attractive. 3 to 4 feet, \$3.50 each. White Spruce (P. Alba). Light green almost silvery foliage. 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 each. 2 to 21/2 feet, \$6.00 each,

YEW Canadian (T. Canadensis). Dark green foliage and brown bark. 15 to 18 inches, \$2.50 each.

Japanese Yew (T. Cuspidata). Spreading form with dark green foliage. 1½ to 2 feet, \$4.00 each.

ORNAMENTAL TREES

ASH White (F. Americana). Tall growing tree. Foliage dark green above, light green beneath. 8 to 10 feet \$1.75 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.50 each.

BIRCH Paper or Canoe (B. Papyrifera). Ornamental tall growing tree with silvery white bark. 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00

CATALPA Speciosa. A large tree of great hardiness, with large fragrant blossoms of purple and white in long pyramidal clusters. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each.

Catalpa Bungei (Round-headed Catalpa). Very hardy and much used in formal gardens. 2 year heads,

\$2.50 each. DOGWOOD Florida (White Flowering). OOD Florida (White Flowering). Makes a lovely display in spring, at a distance looking like a solid mass of white. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 each.

DOGWOOD Florida Rubra. Flowers similar to the above but are bright pink. 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 each.

ELM Americana. One of the finest American trees with spreading and drooping branches. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.50 each; 12 to 14 feet, \$3.50 each.

HORSE CHESTNUT (European White). Leaves dark green, turning yellow and brown in autumn. Flowers white-spotted tinged with red. 6 to 8 feet, \$2.50; 8 to 10 feet, \$3.50 each.

LINDEN Americana. Large tree round topped crown. Leaves heart-shaped. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75; 10 to 12 feet, \$3.00 each.

Linden European. Heart shaped leaves, fragrant white flowers. 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$3.50

MAIDEN HAIR TREE (Gingko). Beautiful fern-like foliage, leaves dull green, fruit plum like. 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$3.50 each.

MAPLE Norway (A. Platonoides). Large and handsome tree with spreading branches. Leaves bright green. One of the best trees for lawns, parks, and street planting. 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$3.00 each;

12 to 14 feet, \$4.00 each.

Maple Schwedler. Leaves dark green fading in autumn with tones of purple, red and brown. 5 to 6 feet, \$2.50 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$3.25 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$4.50 each.

Maple Silver. A rapid growing, large sized tree, foliage deep cut, bright green above and silvery underneath.

8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.00 each.

Maple Rock or Sugar. This large stately tree thrives in almost any soil. Foliage turning orange and yellow in the fall. 8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.50 each.

MOUNTAIN ASH (Sorbus). Very showy tree in autumn when loaded with large clusters of bright red berries. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.50 each.

MULBERRY TEA'S WEEPING (Morus). One of the best weeping trees with long and slender branches drooping to the ground forming an umbrella shaped head. Two year heads, \$2.50 each.

OAK Pin (Quercus). A tree of spreading pyramidal habit. Dark green, glossy leaves assuming brilliant scarlet tones at maturity. 8 to 10 feet, \$2.75 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$3.50 each.

Oak Red. A magnificent tree of rapid growth with long shiny leaves which assumes a fine, bronzy red color in autumn. 8 to 10 feet, \$3.00 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$3.50 each.

POPLAR Carolina. Rapid growing tree and very desirable where shade is wanted quickly. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.00 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.50 each.

Poplar Lombardy. A tall columnar tree of picturesque and very formal aspect. Extremely rapid growth. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.25 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.50 each.

WILLOW Golden Bark. A large tree with short, thick trunk; golden yellow branches. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.00 each.
Willow Laurel-Leaved. Small tree, compact habit. Leaves very large, shining green. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.25 each.
Wisconsin Weeping Willow. A hardy drooping variety of great value. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 each.

FRUIT TREES

APPLES. Standard Trees, 5 to 7 ft. Each \$1.00. Doz. \$10.00.

Astrachan Red. (Very Early).

Williams Favorite. Red; mild flavor. (Early).

Yellow Transparent. Pale yellow. (Early).

Gravenstein. Yellow, striped red. (Autumn).

Fameuse. Crimson; excellent. (Autumn).

McIntosh Red. Handsome; hardy. (Autumn).

Roxbury Russet. Greenish. (Late).

CHERRIES. Standard Trees, 5 to 7 ft. Each \$1.50. Doz. \$16.00. Bigarreau. Deep mahogany; sweet. (July). Ear Black Tartarian. Purplish black; sweet. (June). Mor

PEARS. Standard Trees, 5 to 7 ft. Each \$1.50. Doz. \$13.50.
Bartlett. Yellow and red. (Summer).
Clapp's Favorite. Yellow and crimson. (Summer).
Wilder. Greenish yellow. (Summer).

PEACHES. 4 to 6 ft. Each 65c. Doz. \$6.50. Champion. White and red. (August). Crawford Early. Large yellow. (August).

PLUM TREES. 5 to 7 ft. Each \$1.25. Doz. \$12.50.
Abundance. Lemon-yellow. (Early).
Burbank. Cherry red; sweet.

QUINCES. 3 to 5 ft. Each \$1.50. Doz. \$15.00. Orange. Golden yellow.

GRAPE VINES. Each 50c. Doz. \$5.00.
Catawba. Red; sweet and rich.
Concord. Large, black. (Medium).
Caco. The New Red Grape without a fault. Each, \$1.50.

BLACKBERRIES. Each 10c. Doz. \$1.00. 100-\$6.00.

Eldorado. Large, sweet berry.

CURRANTS. Each 35c. Doz. \$3.50, 100-\$20.00.

Cherry. Popular red sort.

Perfection. The largest red currant.

Each, 40c.; \$4.50 doz.

GOOSEBERRIES. Each 40c. Doz. \$4.00. Downing. Whitish green.

RASPBERRIES. Each 15c. Doz. \$1.50, 100-\$8.00. Cuthbert. Red; superior quality. Golden Queen. Golden yellow. Herbert. Red; very hardy.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS. Layer Plants in Spring, \$2.00 per 100. \$15.00 per 1000.

Pot Grown Plants ready after Aug. 1, \$6.00 per 100.

Excelsior. Glossy dark red. (Early).
Judith. Deep red berries. (Early).
Senator Dunlop. Dark red color. (Early).
Brandywine. Bright glossy crimson. (Midseason.)

Glen Mary. Very large; good flavor. (Midseason).

Early Richmond. Red; sour. (June).
Montmorency. Large red; sour. (July).

Seckle. Brown. (Fall).
Sheldon. Russet and red. (Fall).
Beurre Bosc. Russet color; large. Each, \$1.75.

Elberta. Flesh yellow. (August). Crawford's Late. Large yellow. (September).

Damson. Dark purple. (Late). Bradshaw. Dark violet red.

Rea's Mammoth, Large, orange.

Niagara. Large, white. (Medium). Worden. Large, black. (Early).

Snyder medium size, very fine.

White Grape.

Pearl White. Prolific sort.

St. Regis. Everbearing red.
La France. New everbearing giant red. 30c, doz., \$3.00.

Howard No. 17. Bright red color. (Midseason). Marshall. Large, rich crimson. (Midseason). Warren. Dark blood red. (Midseason). Commonwealth. Dark crimson. (Late).

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES. \$3.00 per 100. Pot Grown Plants, ready after Aug. 1, \$7.00 per 100. Progressive. Deep red and sweet. Superb. Glossy dark red color.

Fertilizers and Chemicals

Lawn and Garden Dressing

For Lawns, Vegetable Gardens, Flowers, Small Fruits, Golf Links, Tennis Grounds, Trees and Shrubbery. A quick and lasting fertilizer. Made from high-grade chemicals and ground bone. Practically odorless and better and cheaper than many other dressings. Sanitary and clean to handle; easy to apply. 5 lbs., 35c.; 10 lbs., 60c.; 25 lbs., \$1.05; 50 lbs., \$1.85; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

Complete Fertilizer

This is a good grade of concentrated manure. It is of exceptional value and will prove a money maker to every farmer or gardener who uses it. Price per 125-lb. bag, \$4.00; ½ ton, \$16.25; ½ ton, \$31.50; ton, \$60.00. Higher grade: Price per 125-lbs, \$4.50; ½ ton, \$17.50; ½ ton, \$33.75; ton, \$65.00. ACID PHOSPHATE. 16%. Use on grain crops and others requiring an excessive amount of phosphoric acid. 100 lbs., \$2.00; 500 lbs., \$9.00; ½ ton, \$17.00; ton, \$31.00. FARMOGERM (Culture for Legumes). Prepared for Alfalfa Clovers, Vetches, Cow Peas, Soy Beans, Garden and Sweet Peas and Beans. Garden size, 50c; 1 acre size, \$1.00; 3 acre size, \$2.50; 12 acre size, \$9.00. FERTIFLORA. A favorite liquid fertilizer for potted plants, window boxes and home gardens. 35c. per bottle. FLORANID. A highly concentrated organic nitrogen fertilizer. A powerful plant builder and plant food. Vegetables and fruits will be more abundant and of better size, color and flavor; and flowers richer in color, larger, more prolific and fragrant when fertilized with Floranid. ½-lb. can, 50c.; 1-lb., 75c.; 50-lb. bag, \$12.00. GROUND PURE BONE MEAL. A splendid general purpose fertilizer. Especially good for use on lawns. 5 lbs.. 40c.; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 50 lbs, \$2.25; 100 lbs., \$3.50. MURIATE OF POTASH. The essential element for the proper development of all root crops. 5 lbs., 50c.; 10 lbs., \$5c.; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$4.00. NITRATE OF SODA. Supplies nitrogen to soil; very active; should be applied with a filler or as a liquid. For home garden use a solution of one ounce to 2 gallons water. 1 lb., 10c.; 10 lbs., 60c.; 50 lbs., \$2.75; 100 lbs.

home garden use a solution of one ounce to 2 gallons water. 1 lb., 10c.; 10 lbs., 60c.; 50 lbs., \$2.75; 100 lbs.,

\$5.00.

SHEP MANURE. Pulverized. This is without exception the very best dressing for lawns and its effect is immediate. It is excellent for mixing with the soil for greenhouse plants. Used in the vegetable garden will promote a rapid steady growth until maturity. 5 lbs., 35c.; 10 lbs., 60c.; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 50 lbs., \$1.65; 100 lbs., \$3.00; 500 lbs., \$14.00; 1 ton, \$50.00.

STIM-U-PLANT. A fertilizer in tablet form. The tablets contain the essential plant food in highly concentrated form and are therefore very convenient for hou; e use. Package, 30 tablets, 25c.; 100 tablets, 75c.

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA. Very desirable where a large leaf development or rapid growth is desired. Use 1 pound to 50 square feet of ground or bench, or a tablespoonful to 3 gallons of water. 1 lb., 10c.; 10 lbs., 75c.; 25 lbs., \$2.00; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Insecticides and Fungicides

Price Subject to Change

ALL-IN-ONE MIXTURE. A dry combination of materials suitable for controlling many fungus diseases and both chewing and sucking insects. 1 lb., 60c.; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.60.

ANT DESTROYER. The best available remedy for ants. About 1/4 teaspoonful required for each hill. 1/4 lb., 30c.; 1 lb., 90c.

ARSENATE OF LEAD. For all eating insects. It adheres to the foliage for weeks, thus doing away with repeated spraying. Absolutely no danger of burning or scorching the leaves. 1 lb., 35c.; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.80.

BLACK LEAF 40. A concentrated nicotine solution for aphis, thrips, and red spider. 1 oz., 35c.; ½ lb., \$1.25; 2 lbs., \$3.50.

BORDO LEAD POWDER. Best for all leaf-eating insects; also destroys fungus growth, blight and rot. 1 lb., 35c.; 5 lbs., \$1.55; 25 lbs., \$6.50.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE POWDER. Recommended for all fungoid diseases. 1 lb., 35c.; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 25 lbs., \$6.00.

BUG DEATH. A non-poisonous powder, sure death to potato, squash and cucumber bugs, currant and tomato worms; safe to handle. 1 lb., 20c.; 5 lbs., 70c.; 12½ lbs., \$1.50.

CALCIUM ARSENATE (Dry). For dusting and spraying. A new arsenical poison for chewing insects, especially potato beetles. Harmless to foliage; not easily washed off. 1 lb., 35c.; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 25 lbs., \$6.75.

FISH OIL SOAP. Standard wash for trees, shrubs, vines and plants. 1 lb., 30c.; 5 lbs., \$1.25.

GRAFTING WAX. ING WAX. Useful when grafting, trimming trees and shrubbery; stops bleeding and keeps out insects when wound is healing. ½ lb. 25c.; lb. 45c.

HALL'S FREE NICOTINE SOLUTION. 40 per cent, for general inside spraying and fumigating. 1 oz. 35c.; ½ lb. \$1.25; 2 lbs. \$3.50; 10 lbs. \$13.50.

HALL'S NICOTINE FUMIGATOR. A specially prepared tobacco powder containing 12½ per cent nicotine, which makes a simple and effective fumigator. 1 lb. \$1.25; 2½ lbs. \$2.50; 10 lbs. \$8.50.

HELLEBORE POWDER. Excellent for caterpillars, current worms, rose slugs, etc. ¼ lb. 20c.; ½ lb. 35c.; lb. 55c. KAYSO. A preparation to be used with insecticides to prevent the spray from collecting into drops. Will distribute an even covering of poison over leaves and dormant growth. Spray containing Kayso will remain on the trees much longer than the ordinary spray. Also used in whitewash and paints for its durability. 1½ lb. pkg. 40c.; 10 lbs. \$2.30; 50 lbs. \$2.10; 100 lbs. \$20.00.

LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION (Dry). The finest remedy for San Jose Scale and certain fungus. 1 lb. makes 4 to 10 gala. 11 lb. 20c.; 5 lbs. \$1.25 lbs. \$4.00.

LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION (Dry). The finest remedy for San Jose Scale and certain fungus. 1 lb. makes 4 to 10 gals. 1 lb. 30c.; 5 lbs. \$1.25; 25 lbs. \$4.00.

MELROSENE. The most effective remedy for killing full-grown rose bugs. Will not discolor flowers. Dilute 1 part to 20 parts of water. Trial size 50c.; pint \$1.00; quart \$1.75; ½ gal. \$3.25; gal. \$6.00.

NIAGARA ENTODUST. Remedy against eating insects, beetles, worms, caterpillars, etc. 1 lb. 40c.

NIAGARA POMODUST. The most widely used dusting mixture for mildews, blights, fungus troubles. worms, caterpillars, beetles, chewing insects on flowers, shrubs and fruit trees. 1 lb. 35c.; 50 lbs. \$4.65; 100 lbs. \$7.25.

RA D 20 MIXTURE. Used on vegetables against same diseases as above. Lb. 50c.; 10 lbs. \$1.70; 25 lbs. \$3.65; 50 lbs. \$6.25; 100 lbs. \$10.50. NIAGARA D 20 MIXTURE.

RA A 1 DUST. For aphis, plant flies and sucking insects on flowers and vegetables. Lb. 60c.; 10 lbs. \$2.25; 25 lbs. \$5.00; 50 lbs. \$9.00; 100 lbs. \$16.00. NIAGARA A 1 DUST.

RA D 6 DUST. For many mildews, blights, fungus troubles on flowers and vegetables. Lb. 45c.; 10 lbs. \$1.45; 25 lbs. \$3.00; 50 lbs. \$4.95; 100 lbs. \$7.85. NIAGARA D 6 DUST.

NIAGARA D 18 DUST. For blight, bugs, chewing insects on potatoes and vegetables. 10 lbs. \$1.80; 25 lbs. \$3.85; 50 lbs. \$6.65; 100 lbs. \$11.25.

NIAGARA D 25 DUST. This mixture is used whenever severe blight or other diseases exist. 10 lbs. \$1.55; 25 lbs. \$3.20; 50 lbs. \$5.40; 100 lbs. \$8.80.

NIAGARA HAND DUST GUN. Easy and pleasant to use. It saves time. Each \$1.25.

NIAGARA BOOK. "When and How to Dust." Free for the asking.

NICO FUME TOBACCO PAPER. A nicotine preparation. Furnishes easiest method of fumigation. 144 sheets \$5.50; 288 sheets \$10.00.

PARIS GREEN. Unequalled for the destruction of potato bugs and other insects. Mixed 1 lb. to 200 gallons of water. 1 lb. 50c.

SULPHUR POWDERED. Valuable for protecting against mildew on grapes, roses, etc. Lb. 10c.; 5 lbs. 35c.

COW EASE. Keeps flies off cattle and horses. Repellent to lice, ticks and certain vermin. Allows cows to feed in peace. 1 gal. \$1.50.

RAX. The most efficient rat exterminator. Introduces a contagious disease which affects only rats. 75c.

WEED KILLER "Herbicide." One thorough application will keep gutters, paths and roadways clear of weeds, poison ivy, grasses, mosses, Johnson Grass, dandelion, burdocks, etc. Dilute 1 part to 40 parts of water. Qt. 70c.; gal. \$2.00; 5 gals. \$8.00.

FLYOSAN. AN. Kills flies, mosquitoes, moths, fleas, etc. on horses and cattle. Lice and fleas on cats, dogs, chickens and hogs. Not to be used on plant life. One pint tin complete with sprayer, \$1.00.

Potting Materials

CHARCOAL IN LUMP. For potting soils and greenhouse use. Keeps soil sweet. 2 lbs., 15c.; 10 lbs., 60c. ORCHID PEAT or FERN ROOTS. Used when potting orchids. \$3.50 per bag. SPAGNUM MOSS. Only on order; fresh live moss in original bags. \$3.50 each. SPAGNUM MOSS. Dry. Useful for potting or for packing plants. \$1.50 per bag.

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